



Margaret Conghlin

POEMS ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS



Majores majora sonent

POEMS

ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS,

BY

AUSTIN DOBSON

IN TWO VOLUMES

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" At the Sign of the Lyre,"

*Good Folks, we present you,
With the pick of our quire—
And we hope to content you !*

*Here be Ballad and Song,
The fruits of our leisure,
Some short and some long,—
May they all give you pleasure !*

*But if, when you read,
They should fail to restore you,
Farewell, and God-speed—
The world is before you !*

CONTENTS.



AT THE SIGN OF THE LYRE :	PAGE
— The Ladies of St. James's	1
The Old Sedan Chair	4
To an Intrusive Butterfly	7
— The Curé's Progress	10
The Masque of the Months	12
Two Sermons	16
" Au Revoir "	18
The Carver and the Caliph	26
To an Unknown Bust in the British Museum	29
— Molly Trefusis	32
At the Convent Gate	36
The Milkmaid	38
— An Old Fish-Pond	41
An Eastern Apologue	44
To a Missal of the Thirteenth Century	46
A Revolutionary Relic	49
A Madrigal	55
A Song to the Lute	57
A Garden Song	59

Contents.

AT THE SIGN OF THE LYRE — <i>continued.</i>	PAGE
A Chapter of Froissart	61
To the Mammoth Tortoise	65
A Roman "Round-Robin"	67
Verses to Order	70
A Legacy	73
"Little Blue Ribbons"	75
Lines to a Stupid Picture	78
A Fairy Tale	81
To a Child	83
Household Art	85
The Distressed Poet	86
Jocosa Lyra	88
My Books	90
The Book-Plate's Petition	92
Palomydes	95
André le Chapelain	97
A Fancy from Fontenelle	102
Don Quixote	103
A Broken Sword	104
The Lost Elixir	106

MEMORIAL VERSES :

A Dialogue (Alexander Pope)	111
A Familiar Epistle (William Hogarth)	116
Henry Fielding	119
Henry Wadsworth Longfellow	124
Charles George Gordon	126
Victor Hugo	127

Contents.

FABLES OF LITERATURE AND ART :	PAGE
The Poet and the Critics	131
The Toyman	134
The Successful Author	137
The Dilettant	140
The Two Painters	143
The Claims of the Muse	146
The 'Squire at Vauxhall	150
The Climacteric	155

TALES IN RHYME :

A Tale of Polypheme	161
A Story from a Dictionary	173
The Water Cure	182

VERS DE SOCIÉTÉ :

Incognita	191
Dora <i>versus</i> Rose	196
Ad Rosam	199
Outward Bound	204
In the Royal Academy	207
The Last Despatch	213
"Premiers Amours"	216
The Screen in the Lumber Room	219
Daisy's Valentines	221
In Town	224
A Sonnet in Dialogue	227
Growing Gray	229

Contents.

VARIA :	PAGE
The Maltworm's Madrigal	233
An April Pastoral	235
A New Song of the Spring Gardens	236
A Love Song, 1700	238
Of his Mistress	239
The Nameless Charm	241
To Phidyle	242
To his Book	243
For a Copy of Herrick	246
To a Pastoral Poet	247
BALLADES AND RONDEAUS :	
A Ballad of Heroes (<i>Ballade</i>)	251
The Ballad of the Thrush (<i>Ballade</i>)	253
The Ballad of the Barmecide (<i>Ballade</i>)	255
To a June Rose (<i>Rondeau</i>)	257
To Daffodils (<i>Rondeau</i>)	258
On the Hurry of this Time (<i>Rondeau</i>)	259
"A Sabine Farm" (<i>Rondeau</i>)	260
Extremum Tanain (<i>Rondeau</i>)	261
"When Burbadge played" (<i>Rondeau</i>)	262
PROLOGUE AND EPILOGUE TO ABBEY'S EDITION	
OF "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER"	265
NOTES	273

AT THE SIGN OF THE LYRE.

AT THE SIGN OF THE LYRE.

THE LADIES OF ST. JAMES'S.

A PROPER NEW BALLAD OF THE COUNTRY AND
THE TOWN.

THE ladies of St. James's
Go swinging to the play ;
Their footmen run before them,
With a "Stand by ! Clear the way !"
But Phyllida, my Phyllida !
She takes her buckled shoon,
When we go out a-courting
Beneath the harvest moon.

The Ladies of St. James's.

The ladies of St. James's
Wear satin on their backs ;
They sit all night at *Ombre*,
With candles all of wax :
But Phyllida, my Phyllida !
She dons her russet gown
And runs to gather May dew
Before the world is down.

The ladies of St. James's
They are so fine and fair,
You'd think a box of essences
Was broken in the air :
But Phyllida, my Phyllida !
The breath of heath and furze,
When breezes blow at morning
Is scarce so fresh as hers.

The ladies of St. James's
They're painted to the eyes ;
Their white it stays forever,
Their red it never dies :
But Phyllida, my Phyllida !
Her color comes and goes ;
It trembles to a lily,
It wavers to a rose.

The Ladies of St. James's.

The ladies of St. James's

With "Mercy!" and with "Lud!"

They season all their speeches

(They come of noble blood):

But Phyllida, my Phyllida!

Her shy and simple words

Are sweet as, after rain-drops,

The music of the birds.

The ladies of St. James's

They have their fits and freaks;

They smile on you—for seconds,

They frown on you—for weeks:

But Phyllida, my Phyllida!

Come either storm or shine,

From Shrove-tide unto Shrove-tide

Is always true—and mine.

My Phyllida! my Phyllida!

I care not though they heap

The hearts of all St. James's,

And give me all to keep;

I care not whose the beauties

Of all the world may be,

For Phyllida—for Phyllida

Is all the world to me!

THE OLD SEDAN CHAIR.

*“What’s not destroy’d by Time’s devouring hand?
Where’s Troy—and where’s the May-pole in the Strand?”*
BRAMSTON’S “ART OF POLITICS.”

It stands in the stable-yard, under the eaves,
Propped up by a broom-stick and covered with
leaves.

It once was the pride of the gay and the fair,
But now ’tis a ruin, that old Sedan chair !

It is battered and tattered,—it little avails
That once it was lacquered, and glistened with
nails,
For its leather is cracked into lozenge and square,—
Like a canvas by Wilkie,—that old Sedan chair !

The Old Sedan Chair.

See,—here came the bearing-straps ; here were the
holes

For the poles of the bearers—when once there
were poles ;

It was cushioned with silk, it was wadded with
hair,—

As the birds have discovered,—that old Sedan
chair !

“Where’s Troy?” says the poet ! Look,—under
the seat,

Is a nest with four eggs,—’tis the favored retreat
Of the Muscovy hen, who has hatched, I dare
swear,

Quite an army of chicks in that old Sedan chair !

And yet—can’t you fancy a face in the frame
Of the window,—some high-headed damsel or
dame,

Be-patched and be-powdered, just set by the stair,
While they raise up the lid of that old Sedan
chair ?

Can’t you fancy Sir Plume, as beside her he stands,
With his ruffles a-droop on his delicate hands,

The Old Sedan Chair.

With his cinnamon coat, with his laced solitaire,
As he lifts her out light from that old Sedan chair ?

Then it swings away slowly. Ah, many a league
It has trotted 'twixt sturdy-legged Terence and
Teague ;

Stout fellows,—but prone, on a question of fare,
To brandish the poles of that old Sedan chair !

It has waited by portals where Garrick has played ;
It has waited by Heidegger's "Grand Mas-
querade ;"

For my Lady Codille, for my Lady Bellair,
It has waited—and waited, that old Sedan chair !

Oh, the scandals it knows ! Oh, the tales it could
tell

Of Drum and Ridotto, of Rake and of Belle,—
Of Cock-fight and Levee, and (scarcely more rare !)
Of Fête-days at Tyburn, that old Sedan chair !

"*Heu ! quantum mutata,*" I say as I go.

It deserves better fate than a stable-yard, though !
We must furbish it up, and dispatch it,—“With
Care,”—

To a Fine-Art Museum—that old Sedan chair !

TO AN INTRUSIVE BUTTERFLY.

*" Kill not—for Pity's sake—and lest ye slay
The meanest thing upon its upward way.*

FIVE RULES OF BUDDHA.

I WATCH you through the garden walks,
I watch you float between
The avenues of dahlia stalks,
And flicker on the green ;
You hover round the garden seat,
You mount, you waver. Why,
Why storm us in our still retreat,
O saffron Butterfly !

Across the room in loops of flight
I watch you wayward go ;
Dance down a shaft of glancing light,
Review my books a-row ;

To an Intrusive Butterfly.

Before the bust you flaunt and flit
Of "blind Mæonides"—
Ah, trifler, on his lips there lit
Not butterflies, but bees !

You pause, you poise, you circle up
Among my old Japan ;
You find a comrade on a cup,
A friend upon a fan ;
You wind anon, a breathing while,
Around Amanda's brow.—
Dost dream her then, O Volatile !
E'en such an one as thou ?

Away ! Her thoughts are not as thine.
A sterner purpose fills
Her steadfast soul with deep design
Of baby bows and frills ;
What care hath she for worlds without,—
What heed for yellow sun,
Whose endless hopes revolve about
A planet, *ætat* One !

Away ! Tempt not the best of wives ;
Let not thy garish wing

To an Intrusive Butterfly.

Come fluttering our Autumn lives
With truant dreams of Spring !
Away ! Reseek thy " Flowery Land " ;
Be Buddha's law obeyed ;
Lest Betty's undiscerning hand
Should slay—a future PRAED !

THE CURÉ'S PROGRESS.

MONSIEUR the Curé down the street
Comes with his kind old face,—
With his coat worn bare, and his straggling hair,
And his green umbrella-case.

You may see him pass by the little "*Grande Place*,
And the tiny "*Hôtel-de-Ville*";
He smiles as he goes, to the *fleuriste* Rose,
And the *pompier* Théophile.

He turns, as a rule, through the "*Marché*" cool,
Where the noisy fish-wives call;
And his compliments pays to the "*belle Thérèse*,"
As she knits in her dusky stall.

There 's a letter to drop at the locksmith's shop,
And Toto, the locksmith's niece,
Has jubilant hopes, for the Curé gropes
In his tails for a *pain d'épice*.

The Curé's Progress.

There 's a little dispute with a merchant of fruit,
Who is said to be heterodox,
That will ended be with a "*Ma foi, oui !*"
And a pinch from the Curé's box.

There is also a word that no one heard
To the furrier's daughter Lou. ;
And a pale cheek fed with a flickering red,
And a "*Bon Dieu garde M'sieu !*"

But a grander way for the *Sous-Préfet*,
And a bow for Ma'am'selle Anne ;
And a mock "off-hat" to the Notary's cat,
And a nod to the Sacristan :—

For ever through life the Curé goes
With a smile on his kind old face—
With his coat worn bare, and his straggling hai.
And his green umbrella-case.

THE MASQUE OF THE MONTHS.

(FOR A FRESCO.)

FIRSTLY thou, churl son of Janus,
Rough for cold, in drugget clad,
Com'st with rack and rheum to pain us ;—
Firstly thou, churl son of Janus.
Caverned now is old Sylvanus ;
Numb and chill are maid and lad.

After thee thy dripping brother,
Dank his weeds around him cling ;
Fogs his footsteps swathe and smother,—
After thee thy dripping brother.
Hearth-set couples hush each other,
Listening for the cry of Spring.

The Masque of the Months.

Hark ! for March thereto doth follow,
 Blithe,—a herald tabarded ;
O'er him flies the shifting swallow,—
Hark ! for March thereto doth follow.
Swift his horn, by holt and hollow,
 Wakes the flowers in winter dead.

Thou then, April, Iris' daughter,
 Born between the storm and sun ;
Coy as nymph ere Pan hath caught her,
Thou then, April, Iris' daughter.
Now are light, and rustling water ;
 Now are mirth and nests begun.

May the jocund cometh after,
 Month of all the Loves (and mine) ;
Month of mock and cuckoo-laughter,
May the jocund cometh after.
Beaks are gay on roof and rafter ;
 Luckless lovers peak and pine.

June the next, with roses scented,
 Languid from a slumber-spell ;
June in shade of leafage tented ;—

The Masque of the Months.

June the next, with roses scented.
Now her Itys, still lamented,
Sings the mournful Philomel.

Hot July thereafter rages,
Dog-star smitten, wild with heat ;
Fierce as pard the hunter cages,
Hot July thereafter rages.
Traffic now no more engages ;
Tongues are still in stall and street.

August next, with cider mellow,
Laughs from out the popped corn ;
Hook at back, a lusty fellow,
August next, with cider mellow.
Now in wains the sheafage yellow
'Twixt the hedges slow is borne.

Laden deep with fruity cluster,
Then September, ripe and hale ;
Bees about his basket fluster,
Laden deep with fruity cluster.
Skies have now a softer luster ;
Barns resound to flap of flail.

The Masque of the Months.

Thou then, too, of woodlands lover,
Dusk October, berry-stained ;
Wailed about of parting plover,
Thou then too, of woodlands lover.
Fading now are copse and cover ;
Forests now are sere and waned.

Next November, limping, battered,
Blinded in a whirl of leaf ;
Worn of want and travel-tattered,
Next November, limping, battered.
Now the goodly ships are shattered,
Far at sea, on rock and reef.

Last of all the shrunk December
Cowled for age, in ashen gray ;
Fading like a fading ember,
Last of all the shrunk December.
Him regarding, men remember
Life and joy must pass away.

TWO SERMONS.

BETWEEN the rail of woven brass
That hides the "Strangers' Pew,"
I hear the gray-haired vicar pass
From Section One to Two.

And somewhere on my left I see—
Whene'er I chance to look—
A soft-eyed, girl St. Cecily,
Who notes them—in a book.

Ah, worthy GOODMAN,—sound divine !
Shall I your wrath incur,
If I admit these thoughts of mine
Will sometimes stray—to her ?

Two Sermons.

I know your theme, and I revere ;
I hear your precepts tried ;
Must I confess I also hear
A sermon at my side ?

Or now explain this need I feel,—
This impulse prompting me
Within my secret self to kneel
To Faith, to Purity.

“AU REVOIR.”

A DRAMATIC VIGNETTE.

SCENE.—*The Fountain in the Garden of the Luxembourg. It is surrounded by Promenaders.*

MONSIEUR JOLICŒUR. A LADY (*unknown*).

M. JOLICŒUR.

'Tis she, no doubt. Brunette,—and tall :
A charming figure, above all !
This promises.—Ahem !

THE LADY.

Monsieur ?

Ah ! it is three. Then Monsieur's name
Is JOLICŒUR ? . . .

"Au Revoir."

M. JOLICŒUR.

Madame, the same.

THE LADY.

And Monsieur's goodness has to say? . . .

Your note? . . .

M. JOLICŒUR.

Your note.

THE LADY.

Forgive me.—Nay.

(*Reads*)

*"If Madame [I omit] will be
Beside the Fountain-rail at Three,
Then Madame—possibly—may hear
News of her Spaniel. JOLICŒUR."
Monsieur denies his note?*

M. JOLICŒUR.

I do.

Now let me read the one from you.

*"If Monsieur Jolicœur will be
Beside the Fountain-rail at Three,
Then Monsieur—possibly—may meet
An old Acquaintance. 'Indiscreet.'"*

"Au Revoir."

THE LADY (*scandalized*).

Ah, what a folly ! 'Tis not true.

I never met Monsieur. And you ?

M. JOLICŒUR (*with gallantry*).

Have lived in vain till now. But see :

We are observed.

THE LADY (*looking round*).

I comprehend . . .

(*After a pause.*)

Monsieur, malicious brains combine

For your discomfiture, and mine.

Let us defeat that ill design.

If Monsieur but . . . (*hesitating*).

M. JOLICŒUR (*bowing*).

Rely on me.

THE LADY (*still hesitating*).

Monsieur, I know, will understand . . .

M. JOLICŒUR.

Madame, I wait but your command.

THE LADY.

You are too good. Then condescend

At once to be a new-found Friend !

"*Au Revoir.*"

M. JOLICŒUR (*entering upon the part forthwith*).

How? I am charmed,—enchanted. Ah!

What ages since we met . . . at *Spa*?

THE LADY (*a little disconcerted*).

At *Ems*, I think. Monsieur, maybe,

Will recollect the Orangery?

M. JOLICŒUR.

At *Ems*, of course. But Madame's face

Might make one well forget a place.

THE LADY.

It seems so. Still, Monsieur recalls

The Kurhaus, and the concert-balls?

M. JOLICŒUR.

Assuredly. Though there again

'Tis Madame's image I retain.

THE LADY.

Monsieur is skilled in . . . repartee.

(How do they take it?—Can you see?)

M. JOLICŒUR.

Nay,—Madame furnishes the wit.

(They don't know what to make of it!)

"Au Revoir."

THE LADY.

And Monsieur's friend who sometimes came ? . .
That clever . . . I forget the name.

M. JOLICŒUR.

The BARON ? . . . It escapes me, too.
'Twas doubtless he that Madame knew ?

THE LADY (*archly*).

Precisely. But, my carriage waits.
Monsieur will see me to the gates ?

M. JOLICŒUR (*offering his arm*).

I shall be charmed. (Your stratagem
Bids fair, I think, to conquer them.)

(*Aside*)

(Who is she ? I must find that out.)
—And Madame's husband thrives, no doubt ?

THE LADY (*off her guard*).

Monsieur de BEAU—? . . He died at *Dôle* !

M. JOLICŒUR.

Truly. How sad !

"*Au Revoir.*"

(*Aside*)

(Yet, on the whole,
How fortunate ! BEAU-*pré*?—BEAU-*vau*?
Which can it be ? Ah, there they go !)
—Madame, your enemies retreat
With all the honors of . . . defeat.

THE LADY.

Thanks to Monsieur. Monsieur has shown
A skill PRÉVILLE would not disown.

M. JOLICŒUR.

You flatter me. We need no skill
To act so nearly what we will.
Nay,—what may come to pass, if Fate
And Madame bid me cultivate . . .

THE LADY (*anticipating*).

Alas !—no farther than the gate.
Monsieur, besides, is too polite
To profit by a jest so slight.

M. JOLICŒUR.

Distinctly. Still, I did but glance
At possibilities . . . of Chance.

"*Au Revoir.*"

THE LADY.

Which may not serve Monsieur, I fear,
Beyond the little grating here.

M. JOLICŒUR (*aside*).

(She's perfect. One may get too far.
Piano, sano.)

(*They reach the gates.*)

Here we are.

Permit me, then . . .

(*Placing her in the carriage.*)

And Madame goes ? . . .

Your coachman ? . . . Can I ? . . .

THE LADY (*smiling*).

Thanks ! he knows.

Thanks ! Thanks !

M. JOLICŒUR (*insidiously*).

And must we not renew
Our . . . "*Ems* acquaintanceship ?"

THE LADY (*still smiling*).

Adieu !

My thanks instead !

“*Au Revoir.*”

M. JOLICŒUR (*with pathos*).

It is too hard !

(*Laying his hand on the grating.*)

To find one's Paradise is barred ! !

THE LADY.

Nay.—“Virtue is her own Reward !”

[*Exit.*

M. JOLICŒUR (*solus*).

BEAU-*vau* ?—BEAU-*vallon* ?—BEAU-*manoir* ?—

But that's a trifle !

(*Waving his hand after the carriage.*)

AU REVOIR !

THE CARVER AND THE CALIPH.

*(We lay our story in the East.
Because 'tis Eastern? Not the least.
We place it there because we fear
To bring its parable too near.
And seem to touch with impious hand
Our dear, confiding native land.)*

Haroun Alraschid, in the days
He went about his vagrant ways,
And prowled at eve for good or bad
In lanes and alleys of BAGDAD,
Once found, at edge of the bazar,
E'en where the poorest workers are,
A Carver.

The Carver and the Caliph.

Fair his work and fine
With mysteries of inlaced design,
And shapes of shut significance
To aught but an anointed glance,—
The dreams and visions that grow plain
In darkened chambers of the brain.

And all day busily he wrought
From dawn to eve, but no one bought ;—
Save when some Jew with look askant,
Or keen-eyed Greek from the Levant,
Would pause awhile,—depreciate,—
Then buy a month's work by the weight,
Bearing it swiftly over seas
To garnish rich men's treasuries.

And now for long none bought at all,
So lay he sullen in his stall.
Him thus withdrawn the Caliph found,
And smote his staff upon the ground—
“ Ho, there, within ! Hast wares to sell ?
Or slumber'st, having dined too well ? ”
“ ‘ Dined, ’ ” quoth the man, with sullen eyes,
“ How should I dine when no one buys ? ”
“ Nay,” said the other, answering low,—
“ Nay, I but jested. Is it so ?

The Carver and the Caliph.

Take then this coin, . . but take beside
A counsel, friend, thou hast not tried.
This craft of thine, the mart to suit,
Is too refined,—remote,—minute ;
'These small conceptions can but fail ;
'Twere best to work on larger scale,
And rather choose such themes as wear
More of the earth and less of air,
The fisherman that hauls his net,—
The merchants in the market set,—
The couriers posting in the street,—
The gossips as they pass and greet,—
These—these are plain to all men's eyes,
Therefore with these they sympathize.
Further (neglect not this advice !)
Be sure to ask three times the price."

The Carver sadly shook his head ;
He knew 'twas truth the Caliph said.
From that day forth his work was planned
So that the world might understand.
He carved it deeper, and more plain ;
He carved it thrice as large again ;
He sold it, too, for thrice the cost ;
—Ah, but the Artist that was lost !

TO AN UNKNOWN BUST IN THE
BRITISH MUSEUM.

WHO were you once? Could we but guess,
We might perchance more boldly
Define the patient weariness
That sets your lips so coldly ;
You "lived," we know, for fame and blame ;
But sure, to friend or foeman,
You bore some more distinctive name
Than mere "B. C.,"—and "Roman"?

Your pedestal would help us much.
Thereon your acts, your title,
(Secure from cold Oblivion's touch !)
Had doubtless due recital ;

To an Unknown Bust.

Vain hope !—not even deeds can last !

That stone, of which you're *minus*,
Maybe with all your virtues past
Endows . . a TIGELLINUS !

We seek it not ; we should not find.

But still, it needs no magic
To tell you wore, like most mankind,
Your comic mask and tragic ;
And held that things were false and true,
Felt angry and forgiving,
As step by step you stumbled through
This life-long task . . of living !

You tried the *cul-de-sac* of Thought—

The swift descent of Pleasure ;
You found the best Ambition brought
Was strangely short of measure ;
You watched, at last, the fleet days fly,
Till—drowsier and colder—
You felt MERCURIUS loitering by
To touch you on the shoulder.

'Twas then (why not ?) the whim would come
That howso Time should garble
'Those deeds of yours when you were dumb,
As least you'd live—in Marble ;

To an Unknown Bust.

You smiled to think that after days
At least, in Bust or Statue
(We all have sick-bed dreams !) would gaze,
Not quite incurious, at you.

We gaze ; *we* pity you, be sure !
In truth, Death's worst inaction
Must be less tedious to endure
Than nameless petrification ;
Far better, in some nook unknown,
To sleep for once—and soundly,
Than still survive in wistful stone,
Forgotten more profoundly !

MOLLY TREFUSIS.

*"Now the Graces are four and the Venuses two,
And ten is the number of Muses ;
For a Muse and a Grace and a Venus are you,—
My dear little Mollie Trefusis !"*

So he wrote, the old bard of an "old magazine ;"
As a study it not without use is,
If we wonder a moment who she may have been,
This same "little Molly Trefusis !"

She was Cornish. We know that at once by the
"Tre ;"

Then of guessing it scarce an abuse is
If we say that where Bude bellows back to the sea
Was the birthplace of Molly Trefusis.

Molly Trefusis.

And she lived in the era of patches and bows,
Not knowing what rouge or ceruse is ;
For they needed (I hope) but her natural rose,
The lilies of Molly Trefusis.

And I somehow connect her (I frankly admit
That the evidence hard to produce is)
With BATH in its hey-day of Fashion and Wit,—
This dangerous Molly Trefusis.

I fancy her, radiant in ribbon and knot
(How charming that old-fashioned puce is !),
All blooming in laces, fal lals and what not,
At the PUMP ROOM,—Miss Molly Trefusis.

I fancy her reigning,—a Beauty,—a Toast,
Where BLADUD's medicinal cruse is ;
And we know that at least of one Bard it could
boast,—
The Court of Queen Molly Trefusis.

He says she was "VENUS." I doubt it. Beside
(Your rhymer so hopelessly loose is !),
His "little" could scarce be to Venus applied,
If fitly to Molly Trefusis.

Molly Trefusis.

No, no. It was HEBE he had in his mind ;
And fresh as the handmaid of Zeus is,
And rosy, and rounded, and dimpled,—you'll
find,—
Was certainly Molly Trefusis !

Then he calls her “a MUSE.” To the charge I reply
That we all of us know what a Muse is ;
It is something too awful,—too acid,—too dry,—
For sunny-eyed Molly Trefusis.

But “a GRACE.” There I grant he was probably
right
(The rest but a verse-making ruse is) ;
It was all that was graceful,—intangible,—light,
The beauty of Molly Trefusis !

Was she wooed ? Who can hesitate much about
that,
Assuredly more than obtuse is ;
For how could the poet have written so pat
“*My dear little Molly Trefusis !*”

And was wed ? That I think we must plainly infer,
Since of suitors the common excuse is

Molly Trefusis.

To take to them Wives. So it happened to her,
Of course,—“little Molly Trefusis !”

To the Bard ? 'Tis unlikely. Apollo, you see,
In practical matters a goose is ;—
'Twas a knight of the shire, and a hunting J.P.,
Who carried off Molly Trefusis !

And you'll find, I conclude, in the “*Gentleman's
Mag.*,”

At the end, where the pick of the news is,
“*On the* (blank), *at 'the Bath,' to Sir Hilary Brag,*
With a fortune, MISS MOLLY TREFUSIS.”

Thereupon . . But no farther the student may pry :
Love's temple is dark as Eleusis ;
So here, at the threshold, we part, you and I,
From “dear little Molly Trefusis.”

AT THE CONVENT GATE.

WISTARIA blossoms trail and fall
Above the length of barrier wall ;
 And softly, now and then,
The shy, staid-breasted doves will flit
From roof to gateway-top, and sit
 And watch the ways of men.

The gate 's ajar. If one might peep !
Ah, what a haunt of rest and sleep
 The shadowy garden seems !
And note how dimly to and fro
The grave, gray-hooded Sisters go,
 Like figures seen in dreams.

Look, there is one that tells her beads ;
And yonder one apart that reads
 A tiny missal's page ;

At the Convent Gate.

And see, beside the well, the two
That, kneeling, strive to lure anew
The magpie to its cage !

Not beautiful—not all ! But each
With that mild grace, outlying speech,
Which comes of even mood ;—
The Veil unseen that women wear
With heart-whole thought, and quiet care,
And hope of higher good.

“ A placid life—a peaceful life !
What need to these the name of Wife ?
What gentler task (I said)—
What worthier—e’en your arts among—
Than tend the sick, and teach the young,
And give the hungry bread ? ”

“ No worthier task ! ” re-echoes She,
Who (closelier clinging) turns with me
To face the road again :
—And yet, in that warm heart of hers,
She means the doves’, for she prefers
To “ watch the ways of men.”

THE MILKMAID.

A NEW SONG TO AN OLD TUNE.

ACROSS the grass I see her pass ;
She comes with tripping pace,—
A maid I know,—and March winds blow
Her hair across her face ;—
With a hey, Dolly ! ho, Dolly !
Dolly shall be mine,
Before the spray is white with May,
Or blooms the eglantine.

The March winds blow. I watch her go :
Her eye is brown and clear ;
Her cheek is brown, and soft as down
(To those who see it near !)—

The Milkmaid.

With a hey, Dolly ! ho, Dolly !
Dolly shall be mine,
Before the spray is white with May,
Or blooms the eglantine.

What has she not that they have got,—
The dames that walk in silk !
If she undo her 'kerchief blue,
Her neck is white as milk.

With a hey, Dolly ! ho, Dolly !
Dolly shall be mine,
Before the spray is white with May,
Or blooms the eglantine.

Let those who will be proud and chill !
For me, from June to June,
My Dolly's words are sweet as curds—
Her laugh is like a tune ;—
With a hey, Dolly ! ho, Dolly !
Dolly shall be mine,
Before the spray is white with May,
Or blooms the eglantine.

Break, break to hear, O crocus-spear !
O tall Lent-lilies, flame !

The Milkmaid.

There'll be a bride at Easter-tide,
And Dolly is her name.

With a hey, Dolly ! ho, Dolly !

Dolly shall be mine,

Before the spray is white with May,

Or blooms the eglantine.

AN OLD FISH-POND.

GREEN growths of mosses drop and bead
Around the granite brink ;
And 'twixt the isles of water-weed
The wood-birds dip and drink.

Slow efts about the edges sleep ;
Swift-darting water-flies
Shoot on the surface ; down the deep
Fast-following bubbles rise.

Look down. What groves that scarcely sway !
What "wood obscure," profound !
What jungle !—where some beast of prey
Might choose a vantage-ground !

.
Who knows what lurks beneath the tide ?—
Who knows what tale ? Belike,
Those "antres vast" and shadows hide
Some patriarchal Pike ;—

An Old Fish-Pond.

Some tough old tyrant, wrinkle-jawed,
To whom the sky, the earth,
Have but for aim to look on awed
And see him wax in girth;—

Hard ruler there by right of might;
An ageless Autocrat,
Whose “good old rule” is “Appetite,
And subjects fresh and fat;”—

While they—poor souls!—in wan despair
Still watch for signs in him;
And dying, hand from heir to heir
The day undawned and dim,

When the pond’s terror too must go;
Or creeping in by stealth,
Some bolder brood, with common blow,
Shall found a Commonwealth.

.

Or say,—perchance the liker this!—
That these themselves are gone;—
That Amurath *in minimis*,—
Still hungry,—lingers on,

An Old Fish-Pond.

With dwindling trunk and wolfish jaw
Revolving sullen things,
But most the blind unequal law
That rules the food of Kings;—

The blot that makes the cosmic All
A mere time-honored cheat;—
That bids the Great to eat the Small,
Yet lack the Small to eat!

.
Who knows! Meanwhile the mosses bead
Around the granite brink;
And 'twixt the isles of water-weed
The wood-birds dip and drink.

AN EASTERN APOLOGUE.

(TO E. H. P.)

MELIK the Sultán, tired and wan,
Nodded at noon on his diván.

Beside the fountain lingered near
JAMÍL the bard, and the vizier—

Old YÚSUF, cross and hard to please ;
Then JAMÍL sang, in words like these.

*Slim is Butheina—slim is she
As boughs of the Aráka tree !*

“Nay,” quoth the other, teeth between,
“Lean, if you will,—I call her lean.”

An Eastern Apologue.

*Sweet is Butheina—sweet as wine,
With smiles that like red bubbles shine !*

“ True,—by the Prophet ! ” YÚSUF said.
“ She makes men wander in the head ! ”

*Dear is Butheina—ah ! more dear
Than all the maidens of Kashmeer !*

“ Dear,” came the answer, quick as thought,
“ Dear . . and yet always to be bought.”

So JAMÍL ceased. But still Life's page
Shows diverse unto YOUTH and AGE :

And,—be the song of Ghouls or Gods,—
TIME, like the Sultán, sits . . and nods.

TO A MISSAL OF THE THIRTEENTH
CENTURY.

MISSAL of the Gothic age,
Missal with the blazoned page,
Whence, O Missal, hither come,
From what dim *scriptorium* ?

Whose the name that wrought thee thus,
Ambrose or *Theophilus*,
Bending, through the waning light,
O'er thy vellum scraped and white ;

Weaving 'twixt thy rubric lines
Sprays and leaves and quaint designs ;
Setting round thy border scrolled
Buds of purple and of gold ?

To a Missal of the Thirteenth Century.

Ah !—a wondering brotherhood,
Doubtless, round that artist stood,
Strewing o'er his careful ways
Little choruses of praise ;

Glad when his deft hand would paint
Strife of *Sathanas* and Saint,
Or in secret coign entwist
Jest of cloister humorist.

Well the worker earned his wage
Bending o'er the blazoned page !
Tired the hand and tired the wit
Ere the final *Explicit* !

Not as ours the books of old—
Things that steam can stamp and fold ;
Not as ours the books of yore—
Rows of type, and nothing more.

Then a book was still a Book,
Where a wistful man might look,
Finding something through the whole,
Beating—like a human soul.

To a Missal of the Thirteenth Century.

In that growth of day by day,
When to labor was to pray,
Surely something vital passed
To the patient page at last ;

Something that one still perceives
Vaguely present in the leaves ;
Something from the worker lent ;
Something mute—but eloquent !

A REVOLUTIONARY RELIC.

OLD it is, and worn and battered,
As I lift it from the stall ;
And the leaves are frayed and tattered,
And the pendent sides are shattered,
Pierced and blackened by a ball.

'T is the tale of grief and gladness
Told by sad St. Pierre of yore,
That in front of France's madness
Hangs a strange seductive sadness,
Grown pathetic evermore.

And a perfume round it hovers,
Which the pages half reveal,
For a folded corner covers,
Interlaced, two names of lovers,—
A "Savignac" and "Lucile."

A Revolutionary Relic.

As I read I marvel whether,
In some pleasant old château,
Once they read this book together,
In the scented summer weather,
With the shining Loire below.

Nooked—secluded from espial,
Did Love slip and snare them so,
While the hours danced round the dial
To the sound of flute and viol,
In that pleasant old château?

Did it happen that no single
Word of mouth could either speak?
Did the brown and gold hair mingle,
Did the shamed skin thrill and tingle
To the shock of cheek and cheek?

Did they feel with that first flushing
Some new sudden power to feel,
Some new inner spring set gushing
At the names together rushing
Of "Savignac" and "Lucile"?

Did he drop on knee before her—
"*Son Amour, son Cœur, sa Reine*"—

A Revolutionary Relic.

In his high-flown way adore her,
Urgent, eloquent implore her,
Plead his pleasure and his pain ?

Did she turn with sight swift-dimming,
And the quivering lip we know,
With the full, slow eyelid brimming,
With the languorous pupil swimming,
Like the love of Mirabeau ?

Stretch her hand from cloudy frilling,
For his eager lips to press ;
In a flash all fate fulfilling
Did he catch her, trembling, thrilling—
Crushing life to one caress ?

Did they sit in that dim sweetness
Of attained love's after-calm,
Marking not the world—its meetness,
Marking Time not, nor his fleetness,
Only happy, palm to palm ?

Till at last she,—sunlight smiting
Red on wrist and cheek and hair,—
Sought the page where love first lighting,

A Revolutionary Relic.

Fixed their fate, and, in this writing,
Fixed the record of it there.

.

Did they marry midst the smother,
Shame and slaughter of it all ?
Did she wander like that other
Woful, wistful, wife and mother,
Round and round his prison wall ;—

Wander wailing, as the plover
Waileth, wheeleth, desolate,
Heedless of the hawk above her,
While as yet the rushes cover,
Waning fast, her wounded mate ;—

Wander, till his love's eyes met hers,
Fixed and wide in their despair ?
Did he burst his prison fetters,
Did he write sweet, yearning letters,
“ *A Lucile,—en Angleterre* ” ?

Letters where the reader, reading,
Halts him with a sudden stop,
For he feels a man's heart bleeding,
Draining out its pain's exceeding—
Half a life, at every drop :

A Revolutionary Relic.

Letters where Love's iteration
Seems to warble and to rave ;
Letters where the pent sensation
Leaps to lyric exultation,
Like a song-bird from a grave.

Where, through Passion's wild repeating,
Peep the Pagan and the Gaul,
Politics and love competing,
Abelard and Cato greeting,
Rousseau ramping over all.

Yet your critic's right—you waive it,
Whirled along the fever-flood ;
And its touch of truth shall save it,
And its tender rain shall lave it,
For at least you read *Amavit*,
Written there in tears of blood.

.

Did they hunt him to his hiding,
Tracking traces in the snow ?
Did they tempt him out, confiding,
Shoot him ruthless down, deriding,
By the ruined old château ?

A Revolutionary Relic.

Left to lie, with thin lips resting
Frozen to a smile of scorn,
Just the bitter thought's suggesting,
At this excellent new jesting
Of the rabble Devil-born.

Till some "tiger-monkey," finding
These few words the covers bear,
Some swift rush of pity blinding,
Sent them in the shot-pierced binding
"A Lucile, en Angleterre."

Fancies only! Nought the covers,
Nothing more the leaves reveal,
Yet I love it for its lovers,
For the dream that round it hovers
Of "Savignac" and "Lucile."

A MADRIGAL.

BEFORE me careless lying,
Young Love his ware comes crying ;
Full soon the elf untreasures
His pack of pains and pleasures,—
 With roguish eye
 He bids me buy
From out his pack of treasures.

His wallet's stuffed with blisses,
With true-love-knots and kisses,
With rings and rosy fetters,
And sugared vows and letters ;—
 He holds them out
 With boyish flout,
And bids me try the fetters.

A Madrigal.

Nay, Child (I cry), I know them ;
There's little need to show them !
Too well for new believing
I know their past deceiving,—
 I am too old
 (I say), and cold,
To-day, for new believing !

But still the wanton presses,
With honey-sweet caresses,
And still, to my undoing,
He wins me, with his wooing,
 To buy his wares
 With all their cares,
Their sorrow and undoing !

A Song to the Lute.

A SONG TO THE LUTE.

(TO E. G.)

WHEN first I came to Court,

Fa la !

When first I came to Court,
I deemed Dan Cupid but a boy,
And Love an idle sport,
A sport whereat a man might toy
With little hurt and mickle joy —
When first I came to Court !

Too soon I found my fault,

Fa la !

Too soon I found my fault ;
The fairest of the fair brigade
Advanced to mine assault.
Alas ! against an adverse maid
Nor fosse can serve nor palisade —
Too soon I found my fault !

A Song to the Lute.

When SILVIA's eyes assail,

Fa la !

When SILVIA's eyes assail,

No feint the arts of war can show,

No counterstroke avail ;

Naught skills but arms away to throw,

And kneel before that lovely foe,

When SILVIA's eyes assail !

Yet is all truce in vain,

Fa la !

Yet is all truce in vain,

Since she that spares doth still pursue

To vanquish once again ;

And naught remains for man to do

But fight once more, to yield anew,

And so all truce is vain !

A GARDEN SONG.

HERE, in this secluded close
Bloom the hyacinth and rose ;
Here beside the modest stock
Flaunts the flaring hollyhock ;
Here, as everywhere, one sees
Ranks, conditions, and degrees.

All the seasons run their race
In this quiet resting place ;
Peach, and apricot, and fig
Here will ripen, and grow big ;
Here is store and overplus,—
More had not Alcinoüs !

Here, in alleys cool and green,
Far ahead the thrush is seen ;

A Garden Song.

Here along the southern wall
Keeps the bee his festival ;
All is quiet else—afar
Sounds of toil and turmoil are.

Here be shadows large and long ;
Here be spaces meet for song ;
Grant, O Powers benign, that I,
Now that none profane is nigh,—
Now that mood and moment please,
Find the fair Pierides !

A CHAPTER OF FROISSART.

(GRANDPAPA LOQUITUR.)

You don't know Froissart now, young folks.

This age, I think, prefers recitals
Of high-spiced crime, with "slang" for jokes,
And startling titles ;

But, in my time, when still some few

Loved "old Montaigne," and praised Pope's *Homer*
(Nay, thought to style him "poet" too,
Were scarce misnomer),

Sir John was less ignored. Indeed,

I can re-call how Some-one present
(Who spoils her grandson, Frank !) would read,
And find him pleasant ;

A Chapter of Froissart.

For,—by this copy,—hangs a Tale.

Long since, in an old house in Surrey,
Where men knew more of “morning ale”
Than “Lindley Murray,”

In a dim-lighted, whip-hung hall,
’Neath Hogarth’s “Midnight Conversation”
It stood; and oft ’twixt spring and fall,
With fond elation,

I turned the brown old leaves. For there
All through one hopeful happy summer,
At such a page (I well knew where),
Some secret comer,

Whom I can picture, ’Trix, like you
(Though scarcely such a colt unbroken),
Would sometimes place for private view
A certain token;—

A rose-leaf meaning “Garden Wall,”
An ivy-leaf for “Orchard corner,”
A thorn to say “Don’t come at ’all,”—
Unwelcome warner!—

A Chapter of Froissart.

Not that, in truth, our friends gainsaid ;
But then Romance required dissembling,
(Ann Radcliffe taught us that !) which bred
Some genuine trembling ;—

Though, as a rule, all used to end
In such kind confidential parley
As may to you kind Fortune send,
You long-legged Charlie,

When your time comes. How years slip on !
We had our crosses like our betters ;
Fate sometimes looked askance upon
Those floral letters ;

And once, for three long days disdained,
The dust upon the folio settled ;
For some-one, in the right, was pained,
And some-one nettled,

That sure was in the wrong, but spake
Of fixed intent and purpose stony
To serve King George, enlist and make
Minced-meat of "Boney,"

A Chapter of Froissart.

Who yet survived—ten years at least.

And so, when she I mean came hither,
One day that need for letters ceased,
She brought this with her!

Here is the leaf-stained Chapter:—*How*

The English King laid Siege to Calais ;

I think Gran. knows it even now,—

Go ask her, Alice.

To the Mammoth Tortoise.

TO THE MAMMOTH TORTOISE

OF THE MASCARENE ISLANDS.

"Tuque, Testudo, resonare septem Callida nervis."

HOR. iii. 2.

MONSTER Chelonian, you suggest
To some, no doubt, the calm, —
The torpid ease of islets drest
In fan-like fern and palm ;

To some your cumbrous ways, perchance,
Darwinian dreams recall ;
And some your Rip-van-Winkle glance,
And ancient youth appall ;

So widely varied views dispose :
But not so mine, — for me
Your vasty vault but simply shows
A LYRE immense, *per se*,

To the Mammoth Tortoise.

A LYRE to which the Muse might chant
A truly "Orphic tale,"
Could she but find that public want
A Bard — of equal scale !

Oh, for a Bard of awful words,
And lungs serenely strong,
To sweep from your sonorous chords
Niagaras of song,

Till, dinning by that tremendous strain,
The grovelling world, aghast,
Should leave its paltry greed of gain,
And mend its ways . . . at last.

A ROMAN "ROUND-ROBIN."

("HIS FRIENDS" TO QUINTUS HORATIUS FLACCUS.)

"*Hæc decies repetita [non] placebit.*"—ARS POETICA.

FLACCUS, you write us charming songs :
No bard we know possesses
In such perfection what belongs
To brief and bright addresses ;

No man can say that Life is short
With mien so little fretful ;
No man to Virtue's paths exhort
In phrases less regretful ;

A Roman "Round-Robin."

Or touch, with more serene distress,
On Fortune's ways erratic ;
And then delightfully digress
From Alp to Adriatic :

All this is well, no doubt, and tends
Barbarian minds to soften ;
But, Horace—we, we are your friends—
Why tell *us* this so often ?

Why feign to spread a cheerful feast,
And then thrust in our faces
These barren scraps (to say the least)
Of Stoic common-places ?

Recount, and welcome, your pursuits :
Sing Lydé's lyre and hair ;
Sing drums and Berecynthian flutes ;
Sing parsley-wreaths ; but spare,—

O, spare to sing, what none deny,
That things we love decay ;—
That Time and Gold have wings to fly ;—
That all must Fate obey !

A Roman "Round-Robin."

Or bid us dine—on this day week—
And pour us, if you can,
As soft and sleek as girlish cheek,
Your inmost Cæcuban ;—

Of that we fear not overplus ;
But your didactic ' tap '—
Forgive us !—grows monotonous ;
Nunc vale ! Verbum sap.

VERSES TO ORDER.

(FOR A DRAWING BY MR. E. A. ABBEY.)

How weary 'twas to wait ! The year
Went dragging slowly on ;
The red leaf to the running brook
Dropped sadly, and was gone ;
December came, and locked in ice
The plashing of the mill ;
The white snow filled the orchard up ;
But she was waiting still.

Spring stirred and broke. The rooks once
more
'Gan cawing up aloft ;

Verses to Order.

The young lambs' new awakened cries
Came trembling from the croft ;
The clumps of primrose filled again
The hollows by the way ;
The pale wind-flowers blew ; but she
Grew paler still than they.

How weary 'twas to wait ! With June,
Through all the drowsy street,
Came distant rumors of the war ;
And murmurs of the fleet,
The gossips, from the market-stalls,
Cried news of Joe and Tim ;
But June shed all her leaves, and still
There came no news of him.

And then, at last, at last, at last,
One blessèd August morn,
Beneath the yellowing autumn elms,
Pang-panging came the horn ;
The swift coach paused a creaking space,
Then flashed away, and passed ;
But she stood trembling yet, and dazed :
The news had come—at last !

Verses to Order.

And thus the artist saw her stand,
While all around her seems
As vague and shadowy as the shapes
That flit from us in dreams ;
And naught in all the world is true,
Save those few words which tell
That him she lost is found again—
Is found again—and well !

A LEGACY.

AH, Postumus, we all must go :

 This keen North-Easter nips my shoulder ;
My strength begins to fail ; I know
 You find me older ;

I've made my Will. Dear, faithful friend—

 My Muse's friend and not my purse's !
Who still would hear and still commend
 My tedious verses,

How will you live—of these deprived ?

 I've learned your candid soul. The venal,—
The sordid friend had scarce survived
 A test so penal ;

A Legacy.

But you—Nay, nay, 'tis so. The rest
Are not as you : you hide your merit ;
You, more than all, deserve the best
True friends inherit ;—

Not gold—that hearts like yours despise ;
Not “ spacious dirt ” (your own expression),
No ; but the rarer, dearer prize—
The life's confession !

You catch my thought ? What ? Can't you guess ?
You, you alone, admired my Cantos ;—
I've left you, P., my whole MS.,
In three portmanteaus !

“LITTLE BLUE-RIBBONS.”

“LITTLE Blue-Ribbons !” We call her that
From the ribbons she wears in her favorite hat ;
For may not a person be only five,
And yet have the neatest of taste alive ?—
As a matter of fact, this one has views
Of the strictest sort as to frocks and shoes ;
And we never object to a sash or bow,
When “little Blue-Ribbons ” prefers it so.

“Little Blue-Ribbons ” has eyes of blue,
And an arch little mouth, when the teeth peep
through ;
And her primitive look is wise and grave,
With a sense of the weight of the word “behave ;”
Though now and again she may condescend
To a radiant smile for a private friend ;

"Little Blue-Ribbons."

But to smile forever is weak, you know,
And "little Blue-Ribbons" regards it so.

She's a staid little woman ! And so as well
Is her ladyship's doll, "Miss Bonnibelle ;"
But I think what at present the most takes up
The thoughts of her heart is her last new cup ;
For the object thereon,—be it understood,—
Is the "Robin that buried the 'Babes in the
Wood' "—

It is not in the least like a robin, though,
But "little Blue-Ribbons" declares it so.

' Little Blue-Ribbons ' believes, I think,
That the rain comes down for the birds to drink ;
Moreover, she holds, in a cab you'd get
To the spot where the suns of yesterday set ;
And I know that she fully expects to meet
With a lion or wolf in Regent street !
We may smile, and deny as we like—But, no ;
For "little Blue-Ribbons" still dreams it so.

Dear "little Blue-Ribbons !" She tells us all
That she never intends to be "great" and "tall" ;

"Little Blue-Ribbons."

(For how could she ever contrive to sit
In her "own, own chair," if she grew one bit !)
And, further, she says, she intends to stay
In her "darling home" till she gets "quite gray ;"
Alas ! we are gray ; and we doubt, you know,
But "little Blue-Ribbons" will have it so !

LINES TO A STUPID PICTURE.

*"—the music of the moon
Sleeps in the plain eggs of the nightingale.*

AYLMER'S FIELD.

FIVE geese,—a landscape damp and wild,—
A stunted, not too pretty, child,
 Beneath a battered gingham ;
Such things, to say the least, require
A Muse of more-than-average Fire
 To adequately sing 'em.

And yet—Why should they ? Souls of mark
Have sprung from such ;—e'en Joan of Arc
 Had scarce a grander duty ;

Lines to a Stupid Picture.

Not always ('tis a maxim trite)
From righteous sources comes the right,—
From beautiful the beauty.

Who shall decide where seed is sown ?
Maybe some priceless germ was blown
To this unwholesome marish ;
(And what must grow will still increase
Though cackled round by half the geese
And ganders in the parish.)

Maybe this homely face may hide
A Staël before whose mannish pride
Our frailer sex may tremble ;
Perchance this audience anserine
May hiss (O fluttering Muse of mine !)—
May hiss—a future Kemble !

Or say the gingham shadows o'er
An undeveloped Hannah More !—
A latent Mrs. Trimmer !!
Who shall affirm it ?—who deny ?—
Since of the truth nor you nor I
Discern the faintest glimmer ?

Lines to a Stupid Picture.

So then—Caps off, my Masters all ;
Reserve your final word,—recall
 Your all-too-hasty strictures ;
Caps off, I say, for Wisdom sees
Potential possibilities
 In most unhopeful pictures.

A FAIRY TALE.

*" On court, hélas ! après la vérité ;
Ah ! croyez-moi, l'erreur a son mérite."*

VOLTAIRE.

Curled in a maze of dolls and bricks,
I find Miss Mary, *ætat* six,
 Blonde, blue-eyed, frank, capricious,
Absorbed in her first fairy book,
From which she scarce can pause to look,
 Because it's "*so* delicious !"

" Such marvels, too. A crystal Boat,
In which they cross a magic Moat,
 That's smooth as glass to row on—
A Cat that brings all sorts of things ;
And see, the Queen has angel wings—
 Then Ogre comes "—and so on.

A Fairy Tale.

What trash it is ! How sad to find
(Dear Moralist !) the childish mind
 So active and so pliant,
Rejecting themes in which you mix
Fond truths and pleasing facts, to fix
 On tales of Dwarf and Giant !

In merest prudence men should teach
That cats mellifluous in speech
 Are painful contradictions ;
That science ranks as monstrous things
Two pairs of upper limbs ; so wings—
 E'en angels' wings !—are fictions :

That there's no giant now but steam ;
That life, although "an empty dream,"
 Is scarce a "land of Fairy."
"Of course I said all this ?" Why, no ;
I *did* a thing far wiser, though,—
 I read the tale with Mary.

TO A CHILD.

(FROM THE "GARLAND OF RACHEL.")

How shall I sing you, Child, for whom
So many lyres are strung ;
Or how the only tone assume
That fits a Maid so young ?

What rocks there are on either hand !
Suppose—' tis on the cards—
You should grow up with quite a grand
Platonic hate for bards !

How shall I then be shamed, undone,
For ah ! with what a scorn
Your eyes must greet that luckless One
Who rhymed you, newly born,—

To a Child.

Who o'er your "helpless cradle" bent
His idle verse to turn ;
And twanged his tiresome instrument
Above your unconcern !

Nay,—let my words be so discreet,
That, keeping chance in view,
Whatever after fate you meet
A part may still be true.

Let others wish you mere good looks,—
Your sex is always fair ;
Or to be writ in Fortune's books,—
She's rich who has to spare :

I wish you but a heart that's kind,
A head that's sound and clear ;
(Yet let the heart be not too blind,
The head not too severe !)

A joy of life, a frank delight ;
A moderate desire ;
And—if you fail to find a Knight—
At least—a trusty Squire.

Household Art.

HOUSEHOLD ART.

“MINE be a cot,” for the hours of play,
Of the kind that is built by Miss GREENAWAY ;
Where the walls are low, and the roofs are red,
And the birds are gay in the blue o’erhead ;
And the dear little figures, in frocks and frills,
Go roaming about at their own sweet wills,
And play with the pups, and reprove the calves,
And do nought in the world (but Work) by halves,
From “ Hunt the Slipper ” and “ Riddle-me-ree ”
To watching the cat in the apple-tree.

O Art of the Household ! Men may prate
Of their ways “ intense ” and Italianate, —
They may soar on their wings of sense, and float
To the *au delà* and the dim remote, —
Till the last sun sink in the last-lit West,
'T is the Art at the Door that will please the best ;
To the end of Time 't will be still the same,
For the Earth first laughed when the children came !

THE DISTRESSED POET.

A SUGGESTION FROM HOGARTH.

ONE knows the scene so well,—a touch,
A word, brings back again
That room, not garnished overmuch,
In gusty Drury Lane ;

The empty safe, the child that cries,
The kittens on the coat,
The good-wife with her patient eyes,
The milkmaid's tuneless throat ;

And last, in that mute woe sublime,
The luckless verse man's air :
The "Bysshe," the foolscap and the rhyme,
The Rhyme—that is not there !

The Distressed Poet.

Poor bard ! To dream the verse inspired—
With dew's Castalian wet—
Is built from cold abstractions squired
By "Bysshe," his epithet !

Ah ! when she comes, the glad-eyed Muse,
No step upon the stair
Betrays the guest that none refuse,—
She takes us unaware ;

And tips with fire our lyric lips,
And sets our hearts a-flame,
And then, like Ariel, off she trips
And none know how she came.

Only, henceforth, for right or wrong,
By some dull sense grown keen,
Some blank hour blossomed into song,
We feel that she has been.

JOCOSA LYRA.

IN our hearts is the GREAT ONE of Avon
Engraven,
And we climb the cold summits once built on
By MILTON.

But at times not the air that is rarest
Is fairest,
And we long in the valley to follow
Apollo.

Then we drop from the heights atmospheric
 To HERRICK,
 Or we pour the Greek honey, grown blander,
 Of LANDOR ;

Jocosa Lyra.

Or our cosiest nook in the shade is
Where PRAED is,
Or we toss the light bells of the mocker
With LOCKER.

Oh, the song where not one of the Graces
Tight-laces,—
Where we woo the sweet Muses not starchly,
But archly,—

Where the verse, like the piper a-Maying,
Comes playing,—
And the rhyme is as gay as a dancer
In answer,—

It will last till men weary of pleasure
In measure !
It will last till men weary of laughter . . .
And after !

MY BOOKS.

THEY dwell in the odor of camphor,
They stand in a Sheraton shrine,
They are "warranted early editions,"
These worshipful tomes of mine ;—

In their creamy "Oxford vellum,"
In their redolent "crushed Levant,"
With their delicate watered linings,
They are jewels of price, I grant ;—

Blind-tooled and morocco-jointed,
They have Zaehnsdorf's daintiest dress,
They are graceful, attenuate, polished,
But they gather the dust, no less ;—

My Books.

For the row that I prize is yonder,
 Away on the unglazed shelves,
The bulged and bruised *octavos*,
 The dear and dumpy twelves,—

Montaigne with his sheepskin blistered,
 And Howell the worse for wear,
And the worm-drilled Jesuit's Horace,
 And the little old cropped Molière,—

And the Burton I bought for a florin,
 And the Rabelais foxed and flea'd.—
For the others I never have opened,
 But those are the books I read.

THE BOOK-PLATE'S PETITION.

BY A GENTLEMAN OF THE TEMPLE.

WHILE cynic CHARLES still trimm'd the vane
'Twixt *Querouaille* and *Castlemaine*,
In days that shocked JOHN EVELYN,
My First Possessor fix'd me in.
In days of *Dutchmen* and of frost,
The narrow sea with JAMES I cross'd,
Returning when once more began
The Age of *Saturn* and of ANNE.
I am a part of all the past ;
I knew the GEORGES, first and last ;
I have been oft where else was none
Save the great wig of ADDISON ;
And seen on shelves beneath me grope

The Book-plate's Petition.

The little eager form of POPE.
I lost the Third that own'd me when
French NOAILLES fled at Dettingen ;
The year JAMES WOLFE surpris'd Quebec,
The Fourth in hunting broke his neck ;
The day that WILLIAM HOGARTH dy'd,
The Fifth one found me in Cheapside.
This was a *Scholar*, one of those
Whose *Greek* is sounder than their *hose* ;
He lov'd old Books and nappy ale,
So liv'd at Streatham, next to THRALE.
'Twas there this stain of grease I boast
Was made by Dr. JOHNSON's toast.
(He did it, as I think, for Spite ;
My Master call'd him *Jacobite* !)
And now that I so long to-day
Have rested *post discrimina*,
Safe in the brass-wir'd book-case where
I watch'd the Vicar's whit'ning hair,
Must I these travel'd bones inter
In some *Collector's* sepulcher !
Must I be torn from hence and thrown
With *frontispiece* and *colophon* !
With vagrant *E's*, and *I's*, and *O's*,
The spoil of plunder'd *Folios* !

The Book-plate's Petition.

With scraps and snippets that to ME

Are naught but *kitchen company*!

Nay, rather, FRIEND, this favor grant me :

Tear me at once ; *but don't transplant me.*

CHELTENHAM, *Sept^r. 31, 1792.*

PALOMYDES.

HIM best in all the dim Arthuriad,
Of lovers of fair women, him I prize,—
The Pagan Palomydes. Never glad
Was he with sweetness of his lady's eyes,
Nor joy he had.

But, unloved ever, still must love the same,
And riding ever through a lonely world,
Whene'er on adverse shield or crest he came,
Against the danger desperately hurled,
Crying her name.

So I, who strove to You I may not earn,
Methinks, am come unto so high a place,
That though from hence I can but vainly yearn
For that averted favor of your face,
I shall not turn.

Palomydes.

No, I am come too high. Whate'er betide,
To find the doubtful thing that fights with me,
Toward the mountain tops I still shall ride,
And cry your name in my extremity,
As Palomyde,

Until the issue come. Will it disclose
No gift of grace, no pity made complete,
After much labor done,—much war with woes?
Will you deny me still in Heaven, my sweet;—
Ah, Death—who knows?

ANDRÉ LE CHAPELAIN.

(*Clerk of Love*, 1170.)

HIS PLAINT TO VENUS OF THE COMING YEARS.

*“ Plus ne suis ce que j’ay esté
Et ne le saurois jamais estre ;
Mon beau printemps et mon esté
Ont fait le saut par la fenestre.”*

CLEMENT MAROT, 1537.

QUEEN VENUS, round whose feet,
To tend thy sacred fire,
With service bitter-sweet
Nor youths nor maidens tire ;—
Goddess, whose bounties be
Large as the un-oared sea ;—

André Le Chapelain.

Mother, whose eldest born
First stirred his stammering tongue,
In the world's youngest morn,
When the first daisies sprung :—
Whose last, when Time shall die,
In the same grave shall lie :—

Hear thou one suppliant more !
Must I, thy Bard, grow old,
Bent, with the temples frore,
Not jocund be nor bold,
To tune for folk in May
Ballad and virelay ?

Shall the youths jeer and jape,
“ Behold his verse doth dote,—
Leave thou Love's lute to scrape,
And tune thy wrinkled throat
To songs of ‘ Flesh in Grass,’ ”—
Shall they cry thus and pass ?

And the sweet girls go by ?
“ Beshrew the grey-beard's tune !—
What ails his minstrelsy
To sing us snow in June ! ”

André Le Chapelain.

Shall they too laugh, and fleet
Far in the sun-warmed street ?

But Thou, whose beauty bright,
Upon thy wooded hill,
With ineffectual light

The wan sun seeketh still ;—
Woman, whose tears are dried,
Hardly, for Adon's side,—

Have pity, Erycine !

Withhold not all thy sweets ;
Must I thy gifts resign
For Love's mere broken meats ;
And suit for alms prefer
That was thine Almoner ?

Must I, as bondsman, kneel
That, in full many a cause,
Have scrolled thy just appeal ?
Have I not writ thy Laws ?
*That none from Love shall take
Save but for Love's sweet sake ;—*

*That none shall aught refuse
To Love of Love's fair dues ;—*

André Le Chapelain.

*That none dear Love shall scoff
Or deem foul shame thereof ;—
That none shall traitor be
To Love's own secrecy ;—*

Avert,—avert it, Queen !
Debarred thy listed sports,
Let me at least be seen
An usher in thy courts,
Outworn, but still indued
With badge of servitude.

When I no more may go,
As one who treads on air,
To string-notes soft and slow,
By maids found sweet and fair—
When I no more may be
Of Love's blithe company ;—

When I no more may sit
Within thine own pleasance,
To weave, in sentence fit,
Thy golden dalliance ;
When other hands than these
Record thy soft decrees ;—

André Le Chapelain.

Leave me at least to sing
About thine outer wall,
To tell thy pleasuring,
Thy mirth, thy festival ;
Yea, let my swan-song be
Thy grace, thy sanctity.

[Here ended André's words :

*But One, that writeth, saith—
Betwixt his stricken chords*

*He heard the Wheels of Death ;
And knew the fruits Love bare
But Dead-Sea apples were.]*

A Fancy from Fontenelle.

A FANCY FROM FONTENELLE.

"De mémoires de Roses on n'a point vu mourir le Jardinier."

THE Rose in the garden slipped her bud,
And she laughed in the pride of her youthful blood,
As she thought of the Gardener standing by —
"He is old, — so old ! And he soon must die !"

The full Rose waxed in the warm June air,
And she spread and spread till her heart lay bare ;
And she laughed once more as she heard his tread —
"He is older now ! He will soon be dead !"

But the breeze of the morning blew, and found
That the leaves of the blown Rose strewed the ground ;
And he came at noon, that Gardener old,
And he raked them gently under the mould.

*And I wove the thing to a random rhyme,
For the Rose is Beauty, the Gardener, Time.*

DON QUIXOTE.

Behind thy pasteboard, on thy battered hack,
Thy lean cheek striped with plaster to and fro,
Thy long spear leveled at the unseen foe
And doubtful Sancho trudging at thy back
Thou wert a figure strange enough, good lack !
To make Wiseacredom, both high and low,
Rub purblind eyes, and (having watched thee go)
Dispatch its Dogberrys upon thy track :
Alas ! poor Knight ! Alas ! poor soul possest !
Yet would to-day when Courtesy grows chill
And life's fine loyalties are turned to jest
Some fire of thine might burn within us still !
Ah, would but one might lay his lance in rest,
And charge in earnest—were it but a mill !

A Broken Sword.

A BROKEN SWORD.

(TO A. L.)

THE shopman shambled from the doorway out
And twitched it down —
Snapped in the blade ! 'T was scarcely dear, I doubt,
At half-a-crown.

Useless enough ! And yet may still be seen,
In letters clear,
Traced on the metal's rusty damaskeen —
“ *Povr Paruenyr.*”

Whose was it once ? Who manned it once in hope
His fate to gain ?
Who was it dreamed his oyster-world should ope
To this — in vain ?

Maybe with some stout Argonaut it sailed
The Western Seas ;
Maybe but to some paltry Nym availed
For toasting cheese !

A Broken Sword.

Or decked by Beauty on some morning lawn
 With silken knot,
Perchance, ere night, for Church and King 'twas drawn —
 Perchance 't was not !

Who knows — or cares? To-day, 'mid foils and gloves
 Its hilt depends,
Flanked by the favors of forgotten loves, —
 Remembered friends ;

And oft its legend lends, in hours of stress,
 A word to aid ;
Or like a warning comes, in puffed success,
 Its broken blade.

THE LOST ELIXIR.

" One drop of ruddy human blood puts more life into the veins of a poem than all the delusive ' aurum potabile ' that can be distilled out of the choicest library. "—LOWELL.

AH, yes, that " drop of human blood ! "—

We had it once, may be,
When our young song's impetuous flood
First poured its ecstasy ;
But now the shrunk poetic vein
Yields not that priceless drop again.

We toil,—as toiled we not of old ;—
Our patient hands distill
The shining spheres of chemic gold
With hard-won, fruitless skill ;

The Lost Elixir.

But that red drop still seems to be
Beyond our utmost alchemy.

Perchance, but most in later age,
Time's after-gift, a tear,
Will strike a pathos on the page
Beyond all art sincere ;
But that " one drop of human blood "
Has gone with life's first leaf and bud.



MEMORIAL VERSES.

A Dialogue.

A DIALOGUE

TO THE MEMORY OF MR. ALEXANDER POPE.

"Non injussa cano." — VIRG.

POET. I sing of POPE —

FRIEND. What, POPE, the *Twitnam* Bard,
Whom *Dennis*, *Cibber*, *Tibbald* push'd so hard !
POPE of the *Dunciad* ! POPE who dar'd to woo,
And then to libel, *Wortley-Montagu* !
POPE of the *Ham-walks* story —

P. Scandals all !
Scandals that now I care not to recall.
Surely a little, in two hundred Years,
One may neglect Contemporary Sneers : —
Surely Allowance for the Man may make
That had all *Grub-street* yelping in his Wake !
And who (I ask you) has been never Mean,
When urged by Envy, Anger, or the Spleen ?

A Dialogue.

No : I prefer to look on POPE as one
Not rightly happy till his Life was done ;
Whose whole Career, romance it as you please,
Was (what he call'd it) but a "long Disease :"
Think of his Lot, — his Pilgrimage of Pain,
His "crazy Carcass" and his restless Brain ;
Think of his Night-Hours with their Feet of Lead,
His dreary Vigil and his aching Head ;
Think of all this, and marvel then to find
The "crooked Body with a crooked Mind !" —
Nay rather, marvel that, in Fate's Despite,
You find so much to solace and delight, —
So much of Courage and of Purpose high
In that unequal Struggle *not* to die.
I grant you freely that POPE play'd his Part
Sometimes ignobly — but he lov'd his Art ;
I grant you freely that he sought his Ends
Not always wisely — but he lov'd his Friends ;
And who of Friends a nobler Roll could show —
Swift, St. John, Bathurst, Marchmont, Peterb'ro',
Arbuthnot —

FR. ATTICUS ?

P. Well (*entre nous*),
Most that he said of *Addison* was *true*.
Plain truth, you know —

A Dialogue.

FR. Is often not polite
(So *Hamlet* thought) —

P. And *Hamlet* (Sir) was right.
But leave POPE's Life. To-day, methinks, we touch
The Work too little and the Man too much.
Take up the *Lock*, the *Satires*, *Eloise* —
What Art supreme, what Elegance, what Ease !
How keen the Irony, the Wit how bright,
The Style how rapid, and the Verse how light !
Then read once more, and you shall wonder yet
At Skill, at Turn, at Point, at Epithet.
“ True Wit is Nature to Advantage dress'd ” —
Was ever Thought so pithily express'd ?
“ And ten low Words oft creep in one dull Line ” —
Ah, what a Homily on Yours . . . and Mine !
Or take — to choose at Random — take but This —
“ Ten censure wrong for one that writes amiss.”

FR. Pack'd and precise, no doubt. Yet surely those
Are but the Qualities we ask of Prose.
Was he a POET ?

P. Yes : if that be what
Byron was certainly and *Bowles* was not ;
Or say you grant him, to come nearer Date,
What *Dryden* had, that was denied to *Tate* —

A Dialogue.

FR. Which means, you claim from him the Spark
divine,
Yet scarce would place him on the highest Line —

P. True, there are Classes. POPE was most of all
Akin to *Horace*, *Persius*, *Juvenal*;
POPE was, like them, the Censor of his Age,
An Age more suited to Repose than Rage;
When Rhyming turn'd from Freedom to the Schools,
And shock'd with License, shudder'd into Rules;
When *Phæbus* touch'd the Poet's trembling Ear
With one supreme Commandment *Be thou Clear*;
When Thought meant less to reason than compile,
And the *Muse* labor'd . . . chiefly with the File.
Beneath full Wigs no Lyric drew its Breath
As in the Days of great ELIZABETH;
And to the Bards of ANNA was denied
The Note that *Wordsworth* heard on *Duddon*-side.
But POPE took up his Parable, and knit
The Woof of Wisdom with the Warp of Wit;
He trimm'd the Measure on its equal Feet,
And smooth'd and fitted till the Line was neat;
He taught the Pause with due Effect to fall;
He taught the Epigram to come at Call;
He wrote —

FR. His *Iliad*!

A Dialogue.

P. Well, suppose you own
You like your *Iliad* in the Prose of *Bohn*, —
Tho' if you'd learn in Prose how *Homer* sang,
'T were best to learn of *Butcher* and of *Laing*, —
Suppose you say your Worst of POPE, declare
His Jewels Paste, his Nature a Parterre,
His Art but Artifice — I ask once more
Where have you seen such Artifice before?
Where have you seen a Parterre better grac'd,
Or gems that glitter like his Gems of Paste?
Where can you show, among your Names of Note,
So much to copy and so much to quote?
And where, in Fine, in all our English Verse,
A Style more trenchant and a Sense more terse?

So I, that love the old *Augustan* Days
Of formal Courtesies and formal Phrase;
That like along the finish'd Line to feel
The Ruffle's Flutter and the Flash of Steel;
That like my Couplet as Compact as Clear;
That like my Satire sparkling tho' severe,
Unmix'd with Bathos and unmarr'd by Trope,
I fling my Cap for Polish — and for POPE!

A FAMILIAR EPISTLE TO

* * *Esq. of* * * *with a Life of the late Ingenious*
Mr. Wm. Hogarth.

DEAR Cosmopolitan,—I know
I should address you a *Rondeau*,
Or else announce what I've to say
At least *en Ballade fratrisée* ;
But no : for once I leave Gymnasticks,
And take to simple *Hudibrafasticks* ;
Why should I choose another Way,
When this was good enough for GAY ?

You love, my FRIEND, with me, I think,
That Age of Lustre and of Link ;
Of *Chelfea* China and long "f"es,
Of Bag-wigs and of flowered Dresses ;

A Familiar Epistle.

That Age of Folly and of Cards,
Of Hackney Chairs and Hackney Bards ;
—No H—LTS, no K—G—N P—LS were then
Dispensing Competence to Men ;
The gentle Trade was left to Churls,
Your frowfy TONSONS and your CURLLS ;
Mere Wolves in Ambush to attack
The AUTHOR in a Sheep-skin Back ;
Then SAVAGE and his Brother-Sinners
In *Porridge-Island* div'd for Dinners ;
Or doz'd on *Covent-Garden* Bulks,
And liken'd Letters to the Hulks ;—
You know that by-gone Time, I say,
That aimless easy-moral'd Day,
When rosy Morn found MADAM still
Wrangling at *Ombre* or *Quadrille*,
When good Sir JOHN reel'd Home to Bed,
From *Pontack's* or the *Shakespear's Head* ;
When TRIP convey'd his Master's Cloaths,
And took his Titles and his Oaths ;
While BETTY, in a cast *Brocade*,
Ogled MY LORD at Masquerade ;
When GARRICK play'd the guilty *Richard*,
Or mouth'd *Macbeth* with M^{rs}. PRITCHARD ;
When FOOTE grimac'd his snarling Wit ;

A Familiar Epistle.

When CHURCHILL bullied in the pit ;
When the CUZZONI fang—

But there !

The further catalogue I spare,
Having no Purpose to eclipse
That tedious tale of HOMER's Ships ;—
This is the MAN that drew it all
From *Pannier Alley* to the *Mall*,
Then turn'd and drew it once again
From *Bird-Cage-Walk* to *Lewknor's Lane* ;—
Its Rakes and Fools, its Rogues and Sots ;
Its brawling Quacks, its starveling Scots ;
Its Ups and Downs, its Rags and Garters,
Its HENLEYS, LOVATS, MALCOLMS, CHARTRES ;
Its Splendor, Squalor, Shame, Disease ;
Its *quicquid agunt Homines* ;—
Nor yet omitted to pourtray
Furens quid possit Foemina ;—
In short, held up to ev'ry Class
NATURE's unflatt'ring looking-Glass ;
And, from his Canvass, spoke to All
The Message of a JUVENAL.

Take Him. His Merits most aver :
His weak Point is—his Chronicler !
Nov^R 1, 1879.

HENRY FIELDING.

IN MEMORIAM.

Not from the ranks of those we call
Philosopher or Admiral,—
Neither as LOCKE was, nor as BLAKE,
Is that Great Genius for whose sake
We keep this Autumn festival.

And yet in one sense, too, was he
A soldier—of humanity ;
And, surely, philosophic mind
Belonged to him whose brain designed
That teeming COMIC EPOS where,
As in CERVANTES and MOLIÈRE,
Jostles the medley of Mankind.

Henry Fielding.

Our ENGLISH NOVEL's pioneer !
His was the eye that first saw clear
How, not in natures half-effaced
By cant of Fashion and of Taste,—
Not in the circles of the Great,
Faint-blooded and exanimate,—
Lay the true field of Jest and Whim,
Which we to-day reap after him.
No :—he stepped lower down and took
The piebald PEOPLE for his Book !

Ah, what a wealth of Life there is
In that rich, easy page of his !
What store and stock of Common-Sense,
Wit, Laughter, Lore, Experience !
How his keen Satire flashes through,
And cuts a sophistry in two !
How his ironic lightning plays
Around a rogue and all his ways !
Ah, how he knots his lash to see
That ancient cloak, Hypocrisy !

Whose are the characters that give
Such round reality ?—that live

Henry Fielding.

With such full pulse ? Fair SOPHY yet
Carols *St. George* at the spinet ;
We see AMELIA cooking still
That supper for the recreant WILL ;
We hear Squire WESTERN's headlong tones
Bawling " Wut ha ?—wut ha ? " to JONES.
Are they not present now to us,—
The Parson with his *Æschylus* ?
SLIPSLOP the frail, and NORTHERTON,
PARTRIDGE, and BATH, and HARRISON ?—
Are they not breathing, moving,—all
The motley, merry carnival
That FIELDING kept, in days ago ?

He was the first who dared to draw
Mankind the mixture that he saw ;
Not wholly good nor ill, but both
With fine intricacies of growth.
He pulled the wraps of flesh apart,
And showed the working human heart ;
He scorned to drape the truthful nude
With smooth, decorous platitude !

He was too frank, may be ; and dared
Too boldly. Those whose faults he bared,

Henry Fielding.

Writhed in the ruthless grasp that brought
Into the light their secret thought.
Therefore the TARTUFFE-throng who say
“*Couvrez ce sein*,” and look that way,—
Therefore the Priests of Sentiment,
Rose on him with their garments rent.
Therefore the gadfly swarm whose sting
Plies ever round some generous thing,
Buzzed of old bills and tavern-scores,
Old “might-have-beens” and “heretofores”;—
Then, from that garbled record-list,
Made him his own Apologist.

And was he? Nay,—let who has known
Nor Youth nor Error, cast the stone!
If to have sense of Joy and Pain
Too keen,—to rise, to fall again,
To live too much,—be sin, why then,
This was no Phœnix among men.
But those who turn that later page,
The journal of his middle-age,
Watch him serene in either fate,—
Philanthropist and Magistrate;
Watch him as Husband, Father, Friend,

Henry Fielding.

Faithful, and patient to the end ;
Grieving, as e'en the brave may grieve,
But for the loved ones he must leave :
These will admit—if any can—
That 'neath the green Estrella trees,
No Artist merely, but a MAN,
Wrought on our noblest island-plan,
Sleeps with the alien Portuguese.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

IN MEMORIAM.

*Nec turpem senectam
Degere, nec cithara carentem.*

HOR. i. 30.

“Not to be tuneless in old age !”

Ah ! surely blest his pilgrimage,

Who, in his Winter's snow,

Still sings with note as sweet and clear

As in the morning of the year

When the first violets blow !

Blest !—but more blest, whom summer's heat,

Whom spring's impulsive stir and beat,

Have taught no feverish lure ;

H. W. Longfellow.

Whose Muse, benignant and serene,
Still keeps his autumn chaplet green
Because his verse is pure !

Lie calm, O white and laureate head !
Lie calm, O Dead, that art not dead,
Since from the voiceless grave,
Thy voice shall speak to old and young
While song yet speaks an English tongue
By Charles' or Thamís' wave !

CHARLES GEORGE GORDON.

“RATHER be dead than praised,” he said,
That hero, like a hero dead,
In this slack-sinewed age endued
With more than antique fortitude !

“Rather be dead than praised !” Shall we,
Who loved thee, now that Death sets free
Thine eager soul, with word and line
Profane that empty house of thine ?

Nay, — let us hold, be mute. Our pain
Will not be less that we refrain ;
And this our silence shall but be
A larger monument to thee.

Victor Hugo.

VICTOR HUGO.

HE set the trumpet to his lips, and lo !
The clash of waves, the roar of winds that blow,
The strife and stress of Nature's warring things,
Rose like a storm-cloud, upon angry wings.

He set the reed-pipe to his lips, and lo !
The wreck of landscape took a rosy glow,
And Life, and Love, and gladness that Love brings
Laughed in the music, like a child that sings.

Master of each, Arch-Master ! We that still
Wait in the verge and outskirt of the Hill
Look upward lonely — lonely to the height
Where thou hast climbed, for ever, out of sight !

FABLES
OF
LITERATURE AND ART.

THE POET AND THE CRITICS.

If those who wield the Rod forget,
'Tis truly—*Quis custodiet ?*

A certain Bard (as Bards will do)
Dressed up his Poems for Review.
His Type was plain, his Title clear ;
His Frontispiece by FOURDRINIER.
Moreover, he had on the Back
A sort of sheepskin Zodiac ;—
A Mask, a Harp, an Owl,—in fine,
A neat and “ classical ” Design.
But the *in*-side ?—Well, good or bad,
The Inside was the best he had :
Much Memory,—more Imitation ;—
Some Accidents of Inspiration ;—

The Poet and the Critics.

Some Essays in that finer Fashion
Where Fancy takes the place of Passion ;—
And some (of course) more roughly wrought
To catch the Advocates of Thought.

In the less-crowded Age of ANNE,
Our Bard had been a favored Man ;
Fortune, more chary with the Sickle,
Had ranked him next to GARTH or TICKELL ;—
He might have even dared to hope
A line's Malignity from POPE !
But now, when Folks are hard to please,
And Poets are as thick as—Peas,
The Fates are not so prone to flatter,
Unless, indeed, a Friend No Matter.

The Book, then, had a minor Credit :
The Critics took, and doubtless read it.
Said A.—*These little Songs display
No lyric Gift ; but still a Ray,—
A Promise. They will do no Harm.*
'Twas kindly, if not *very* warm.
Said B.—*The Author may, in time,
Acquire the Rudiments of Rhyme :*

The Poet and the Critics.

His Efforts now are scarcely Verse.

This, certainly, could not be worse.

Sorely discomfited, our Bard
Worked for another ten Years—hard.
Meanwhile the world, unmoved, went on ;
New Stars shot up, shone out, were gone ;
Before his second Volume came
His Critics had forgot his Name :
And who, forsooth, is bound to know
Each Laureate *in embryo* !
They tried and tested him, no less,—
The pure Assayers of the Press.
Said A.—*The Author, may in Time*
Or much what B. had said of Rhyme.
Then B.—*These little Songs display*
And so forth, in the sense of A.
Over the Bard I throw a Veil.

There is no MORAL to this Tale.

The Toyman.

THE TOYMAN.

WITH Verse, is Form the first, or Sense?
Hereon men waste their Eloquence.

“Sense (cry the one Side), Sense, of course.
How can you lend your Theme its Force?
How can you be direct and clear,
Concise, and (most of all) sincere,
If you must pen your Strain sublime
In Bonds of Measure and of Rhyme?
Who ever heard true Grief relate
Its heartfelt Woes in ‘six’ and ‘eight’?
Or felt his manly Bosom swell
Within a French-made *Villanelle*?
How can your *Mens divinior* sing
Within the Sonnet’s scanty Ring,
Where she must chant her Orphic Tale
In just so many Lines, or fail? . . .”

The Toyman.

“ Form is the first (the Others bawl) ;
If not, why write in Verse at all?
Why not your throbbing Thoughts expose
(If verse be such Restraint) in Prose?
For surely if you speak your Soul
Most freely where there's least Control,
It follows you must speak it best
By Rhyme (or Reason) unrepres.
Blest Hour ! be not delayed too long,
When Britain frees her Slaves of Song ;
And barred no more by Lack of Skill,
The Mob may crowd *Parnassus* Hill ! . . .”

Just at this Point — for you must know,
All this was but a To-and-fro
Of MATT and DICK who played with Thought,
And lingered longer than they ought
(So pleasant 't is to tap one's Box
And trifle round a Paradox !) —
There came — but I forgot to say,
'T was in the Mall, the Month was May —
There came a Fellow where they sat,
His Elf-locks peeping through his Hat,
Who bore a Basket. Straight his Load
He set upon the Ground, and showed
His newest Toy — a Card with Strings.
On this side was a Bird with Wings,

The Toyman.

On that, a Cage. You twirled, and lo !
The Twain were one.

Said MATT, " E'en so.

Here's the Solution in a Word : —
Form is the Cage and Sense the Bird.
The Poet twirls them in his Mind,
And wins the Trick with both combined."

THE SUCCESSFUL AUTHOR.

WHEN Fate presents us with the Bays,
We prize the Praiser, not the Praise.
We scarcely think our Fame eternal
If vouched for by the *Farthing Journal* ;
But when the *Craftsman's* self has spoken,
We take it for a certain Token.
This an Example best will show,
Derived from DENNIS DIDEROT.

A hackney Author, who'd essayed
All hazards of the scribbling Trade ;
And failed to live by every Mode,
From *Persian Tale* to *Birthday Ode* ;
Embarked at last, thro' pure Starvation,
In Theologic Speculation.

The Successful Author.

'Tis commonly affirmed his Pen
Had been most orthodox till then ;
But oft, as SOCRATES has said,
The Stomach's stronger than the Head ;
And, for a sudden change of Creed,
There is no *Jesuit* like Need.
Then, too, 'twas cheap ; he took it all,
By force of Habit, from the Gaul.
He showed (the Trick is nowise new)
That nothing we believe is true ;
But chiefly that Mistake is rife
Touching the point of *After-Life* ;
Here all were wrong from PLATO down :
His Price (in Boards) was half-a-Crown.
The Thing created quite a Scare :—
He got a Letter from VOLTAIRE,
Naming him *Ami* and *Confrère* ;
Besides two most attractive Offers
Of Chaplaincies from noted Scoffers.
He fell forthwith his Head to lift,
To talk of " I and DR. SW—FT ;"
And brag, at Clubs, as one who spoke,
On equal terms, with BOLINGBROKE.
But, at the last, a Missive came
That put the Copestone to his Fame.

The Successful Author.

The Boy who brought it would not wait :
It bore a *Covent-Garden* Date ;—
A woful Sheet with doubtful Ink,
And Air of *Bridewell* or the *Clink*
It ran in this wise :—*Learned Sir !*
We, whose Subscriptions follow here,
Desire to state our Fellow-feeling
In this Religion you're revealing.
You make it plain that if so be
We 'scape on Earth from Tyburn Tree,
There's nothing left for us to fear
In this—or any other Sphere.
We offer you our thanks ; and hope
Your Honor, too, may cheat the Rope !
With that came all the Names beneath,
AS BLUESKIN, JERRY CLINCH, MACHEATH,
BET CARELESS, and the Rest—a score
Of Rogues, and *Bona Robas* more.

This *Newgate Calendar* he read :
'Tis not recorded what he said.

THE DILETTANT.

THE most oppressive Form of Cant
Is that of your Art-Dilettant :—
Or rather “was.” The Race, I own,
To-day is, happily, unknown.

A Painter, now by Fame forgot,
Had painted—’tis no matter what ;
Enough that he resolved to try
The Verdict of a critic Eye.
The Friend he sought made no Pretense
To more than candid Common-sense,
Nor held himself from Fault exempt.
He praised, it seems, the whole Attempt.
Then, pausing long, showed here and there
That Parts required a nicer Care,—

The Dilettant.

A closer Thought. The artist heard,
Expostulated, chafed, demurred.

Just then popped in a passing Beau,
Half Pertness, half Pulvilio ;—
One of those Mushroom Growths that spring
From *Grand Tours* and from Tailoring ;—
And dealing much in terms of Art
Picked up at Sale and auction Mart.
Straight to the Masterpiece he ran
With lifted Glass, and thus began,
Mumbling as fast as he could speak :—
“ Sublime !—prodigious !—truly Greek !
That ‘ air of head ’ is just divine ;
That contour GUIDO, every line ;
That forearm, too, has quite the *gusto*
Of the third Manner of ROBUSTO”
Then, with a Simper and a Cough,
He skipped a little farther off :—
“ The middle Distance, too, is placed
Quite in the best Italian Taste ;
And nothing could be more effective
Than the *Ordonnance* and Perspective
You’ve sold it ?—No ?—Then take my word,
I shall speak of it to MY LORD.

The Dilettant.

What !—I insist. Don't stir, I beg.
Adieu !” With that he made a Leg,
Offered on either Side his Box,
So took his *virtù* off to Cock's.

The Critic, with a shrug, once more
Turned to the Canvas as before.
“Nay,”—said the Painter—“I allow
The worst that you can tell me now.
'Tis plain my Art must go to School,
To win such Praises—from a FOOL !”

THE TWO PAINTERS.

In Art some hold Themselves content
If They but compass what They meant ;
Others prefer, Their Purpose gained,
Still to find Something unattained—
Something to which they vaguely grope
With no more Aid than that of Hope.
Which are the Wiser ? Who shall say ?
The prudent Follower of GAY
Refrains to speak for either View
But sets his Fable 'twixt the two.

Once—'twas in good Queen ANNA's Time—
While yet in this benighted Clime,
The GENIUS of the ARTS (now known
On moldy Pediments alone)

The Two Painters.

Protected all the Men of Mark,
Two Painters met Her in the Park.
Whether She wore the Robe of Air
Portrayed by VERRIO and LAGUERRE ;
Or, like BELINDA, trod this Earth,
Equipped with Hoop of monstrous Girth,
And armed at every Point for Slaughter
With Essences and Orange-water,
I know not : but it seems that then,
After some talk of Brush and Pen,—
Some chat of Art both High and Low,
Of VAN'S "Goose-Pie" and KNELLER'S "*Mot*,"—
The Lady, as a Goddess should,
Bade Them ask of Her what They would.
"Then, Madam, my request," says BRISK,
Giving his *Ramillies* a whisk,
"Is that your Majesty will crown
My humble efforts with Renown.
Let me, I beg it—Thanks to You—
Be praised for everything I do,
Whether I paint a Man of Note,
Or only plan a Petticoat."
"Nay," quoth the other, "I confess "
(This One was plainer in his Dress,
And even poorly clad), "for me,

The Two Painters.

I scorn Your popularity.
Why should I care to catch at once
The point of view of every Dunce?
Let me do well, indeed, but find
The Fancy first, the Work behind ;
Nor wholly touch the Thing I wanted”
The Goddess both Petitions granted.

Each in his Way, achieved Success ;
But One grew Great. And which One? Guess

THE CLAIMS OF THE MUSE.

Too oft we hide our Frailties' Blame
Beneath some simple-sounding Name !
So Folks, who in gilt Coaches ride,
Will call Display but *Proper Pride* ;
So Spendthrifts, who their Acres lose,
Curse not their Folly but the *Jews* ;
So *Madam*, when her Roses faint,
Resorts to . . . anything but *Paint*.

An honest Uncle, who had plied
His Trade of Mercer in *Cheapside*,
Until his Name on '*Change* was found
Good for some Thirty Thousand Pound,
Was burdened with an Heir inclined

The Claims of the Muse.

To thoughts of quite a different Kind.
His Nephew dreamed of Naught but Verse
From Morn to Night, and, what was worse,
He quitted all at length to follow
That "sneaking, whey-faced God, APOLLO."
In plainer Words, he ran up Bills
At *Child's*, at *Batson's* and at *Will's* ;
Discussed the Claims of rival Bards
At Midnight,—with a Pack of Cards ;
Or made excuse for "t'other Bottle "
Over a point in ARISTOTLE.
This could not last, and like his Betters
He found, too soon, the *Cost* of Letters.
Back to his Uncle's House he flew,
Confessing that he'd not a *Sou*.
'Tis true, his Reasons, if sincere,
Were more poetical than clear :
"Alas !" he said, "I name no Names :
The *Muse*, dear Sir, the *Muse* has Claims."
His Uncle, who, behind his Till,
Knew less of *Pindus* than of *Snow-Hill*,
Looked grave, but thinking (as Men say)
That Youth but once can have its Day,
Equipped anew his *Pride* and *Hope*
To frisk it on *Parnassus* Slope.

The Claims of the Muse.

In one short Month he sought the Door
More shorn and ragged than before.
This Time he showed but small Contrition,
And gloried in his mean Condition.
“ The greatest of our Race,” he said,
“ Through *Asian* Cities begged his Bread.
The *Muse*—the *Muse* delights to see
Not *Broadcloth* but *Philosophy* !
Who doubts of this her Honor shames,
But (as you know) she has her Claims”
“ Friend,” quoth his Uncle then, “ I doubt
This scurvy Craft that you’re about
Will lead your *philosophic* Feet
Either to *Bedlam* or the *Fleet*.
Still, as I would not have you lack,
Go get some *Broadcloth* to your Back,
And—if it please this precious *Muse*—
’Twere well to purchase decent Shoes.
Though harkye, Sir” The Youth was gone,
Before the good Man could go on.

And yet ere long again was seen
That Votary of *Hippocrene*.
As along *Cheap* his Way he took,
His Uncle spied him by a Brook,

The Claims of the Muse.

Not such as *Nymphs Castalian* pour,—
'Twas but the Kennel, nothing more.
His Plight was plain by every Sign
Of Idiot Smile and Stains of Wine.
He strove to rise, and wagged his Head—
“The *Muse*, dear Sir, the *Muse*—” he said.
“*Muse!*” quoth the Other, in a Fury,
“The *Muse* shan't serve you, I assure ye.
She's just some wanton, idle *Jade*
That makes young Fools forget their Trade,—
Who should be whipped, if I'd my Will,
From *Charing Cross* to *Ludgate Hill*.
She's just” But he began to stutter,
So left SIR GRACELESS in the Gutter.

THE 'SQUIRE AT VAUXHALL.

NOTHING so idle as to waste
This Life disputing upon *Taste* ;
And most—let that sad Truth be written—
In this didactic Land of *Britain*,
Where each one holds “ It seems to me ”
Equivalent to *Q. E. D.*,
And if you dare to doubt his Word
Proclaims you Blockhead and absurd.
And then, too often, the Debate
Is not 'twixt First and Second-rate,
Some narrow Issue, where a Touch
Of more or less can't matter much,
But, and this makes the Case so sad,
Betwixt undoubted Good and Bad.

The 'Squire at Vauxhall.

Nay,—there are some so strangely wrought,—
So warped and twisted in their Thought,—
That, if the Fact be but confest,
They like the baser Thing the best.
Take BOTTOM, who for one, 'tis clear,
Possessed a “reasonable Ear ;”
He might have had at his Command
The Symphonies of *Fairy-Land* ;
Well, our immortal SHAKESPEAR OWNS
The Oaf preferred the “Tongs and Bones !”

'Squire HOMESPUN from *Clod-Hall* rode down,
As the Phrase is—“to see the Town ;”
(The Town, in those Days, mostly lay
Betwixt the *Tavern* and the *Play*.)
Like all their Worships the J.P.'s,
He put up at the *Hercules* ;
Then sallied forth on Shanks his Mare,
Rather than jolt it in a Chair,—
A curst, new-fangled *Little-Ease*,
That knocks your Nose against your Knees.
For the good 'Squire was Country-bred,
And had strange Notions in his Head,
Which made him see in every Cur
The starveling Breed of *Hanover* ;

The 'Squire at Vauxhall.

He classed your Kickshaws and *Ragoes*
With Popery and Wooden Shoes ;
Railed at all Foreign Tongues as Lingo,
And sighed o'er *Chaos* Wine for Stingo.

Hence, as he wandered to and fro,
Nothing could please him, high or low.
As *Savages* with *Ships of War*
He looked unawed at *Temple-Bar* ;
Scarce could conceal his Discontent
With *Fish-Street* and the *Monument* ;
And might (except at Feeding-Hour)
Have scorned the Lion in the *Tower*,
But that the Lion's Race was run,
And—for the Moment—there was none.

At length, blind Fate, that drives us all,
Brought him at Even to *Vauxhall*,
What Time the eager Matron jerks
Her slow Spouse to the *Water-Works*,
And the coy Spinster, half-afraid
Consults the *Hermit* in the Shade.
Dazed with the Din and Crowd, the 'Squire
Sank in a Seat before the Choir.

The 'Squire at Vauxhall.

The FAUSTINETTA, fair and showy,
Warbled an Air from *Arsinoë*,
Playing her Bosom and her Eyes
As Swans do when they agonize.
Alas ! to some a Mug of Ale
Is better than an *Orphic Tale* !
The 'Squire grew dull, the 'Squire grew bored ;
His Chin dropt down ; he slept ; he snored.
Then, straying thro' the "poppied Reign,"
He dreamed him at *Clod-Hall* again ;
He heard once more the well-known Sounds,
The Crack of Whip, the Cry of Hounds.
He rubbed his Eyes, woke up, and lo !
A Change had come upon the Show.
Where late the Singer stood, a Fellow,
Clad in a Jockey's Coat of Yellow,
Was mimicking a Cock that crew.
Then came the Cry of Hounds anew,
Yoicks ! Stole Away ! and harking back ;
Then Ringwood leading up the Pack.
The 'Squire in Transport slapped his Knee
At this most hugeous Pleasantry.
The sawn Wood followed ; last of all
The Man brought something in a Shawl,—
Something that struggled, scraped, and squeaked

The 'Squire at Vauxhall.

As Porkers do, whose tails are tweaked.
Our honest 'Squire could scarcely sit
So excellent he thought the Wit.
But when *Sir Wag* drew off the Sheath
And showed there was no Pig beneath,
His pent-up Wonder, Pleasure, Awe,
Exploded in a long Guffaw :
And, to his dying Day, he'd swear
That Naught in Town the Bell could bear
From " Jockey wi' the Yellow Coat
That had a Farm-Yard in his Throat ! "

MORAL THE FIRST you may discover :
The 'Squire was like *Titania's* lover ;
He put a squeaking Pig before
The Harmony of CLAYTON'S Score.

MORAL THE SECOND—not so clear ;
But still it shall be added here :
He praised the Thing he understood ;
'Twere well if every Critic would.

The Climacteric.

THE CLIMACTERIC.

WHEN do the reasoning Powers decline?
The Ancients said at Forty-Nine.
At Forty-Nine behoves it then
To quit the Inkhorn and the Pen,
Since ARISTOTLE thus decreed.
So much premised, we now proceed.

In that thrice-favored Northern Land,
Where most the Flowers of Thought expand,
And all things nebulous grow clear,
Through Spectacles and Lager-Beer,
There lived, at *Dumpelsheim* the Lesser,
A certain High-Dutch Herr Professor.
Than GROTIUS more alert and quick,
More logical than BURGERSDYCK,
His Lectures both so much transcended,
That far and wide his Fame extended,

The Climacteric.

Proclaiming him to every clime
Within a Mile of *Dumpelsheim*.
But chief he taught, by Day and Night,
The Doctrine of the Stagirite,
Proving it fixed beyond Dispute,
In Ways that none could well refute ;
For if by Chance 't was urged that Men
O'erstepped the Limit now and then,
He 'd show unanswerably still
Either that all they did was " Nil,"
Or else 't was marked by Indication
Of grievous mental Degradation :
Nay — he could even trace, they say,
That Degradation to a Day.

The Years rolled on, and as they flew,
More famed the Herr Professor grew,
His "*Locus* of the Pineal Gland"
(A Masterpiece he long had planned)
Had reached the End of Book Eleven,
And he was nearing Forty-Seven.
Admirers had not long to wait ;
The last Book came at Forty-Eight,
And should have been the Heart and Soul —
The Crown and Summit — of the whole.
But now the oddest Thing ensued ;
'T was so insufferably crude,

The Climacteric.

So feeble and so poor, 't was plain
The Writer's Mind was on the wane.
Nothing could possibly be said ;
E'en Friendship's self must hang the head,
While jealous Rivals, scarce so civil,
Described it openly as " Drivel."
Never was such Collapse. In brief,
The poor Professor died of Grief.

With fitting mortuary Rhyme
They buried him at *Dumpelsheim*,
And as they sorrowing set about
A " Short Memoir," the Truth came out.
He had been older than he knew.
The Parish Clerk had put a " 2 "
In place of " Nought," and made his Date
Of Birth a Brace of Years too late.
When he had written Book the Last,
His true Climacteric had past !

MORAL. — To estimate your Worth,
Be certain as to date of Birth.

TALES IN RHYME.

A TALE OF POLYPHEME.

“THERE’S nothing new”—Not that I go so far
As he who also said “There’s nothing true,”
Since, on the contrary, I hold there are
Surviving still a verity or two ;
But, as to novelty, in my conviction,
There’s nothing new,—especially in fiction.

Hence, at the outset, I make no apology,
If this *my* story is as old as Time,
Being, indeed, that idyll of mythology,—
The Cyclops’ love,—which, somewhat varied, I’m
To tell once more, the adverse Muse permitting,
In easy rhyme, and phrases neatly fitting.

“Once on a time”—there’s nothing new, I said—
It may be fifty years ago or more,

A Tale of Polypheme.

Beside a lonely posting-road that led

Seaward from town, there used to stand of yore,
With low-built bar and old bow-window shady
An ancient Inn, the "Dragon and the Lady "

Say that by chance, wayfaring Reader mine,

You cast a shoe, and at this dusty Dragon,
Where beast and man were equal on the sign,

Inquired at once for Blacksmith and for flagon :
The landlord showed you while you drank your
hops,

A road-side break beyond the straggling shops.

And so directed, thereupon you led

Your halting roadster to a kind of pass,
This you descended with a crumbling tread,

And found the sea beneath you like a glass ;
And soon, beside a building partly walled—
Half hut, half cave—you raised your voice and called.

Then a dog growled ; and straightway there began

Tumult within—for, bleating with affright,
A goat burst out, escaping from the can ;

And, following close, rose slowly into sight—
Blind of one eye, and black with toil and tan—
An uncouth, limping, heavy-shouldered man.

A Tale of Polypheme.

Part smith, part seaman, and part shepherd too :

You scarce knew which, as, pausing with the pail
Half filled with goat's milk, silently he drew

An anvil forth, and reaching shoe and nail,
Bared a red forearm, bringing into view
Anchors and hearts in shadowy tattoo.

And then he lit his fire But I dispense

Henceforth with you, my Reader, and your horse,
As being but a colorable pretense

To bring an awkward hero in perforce ;
Since this our smith, for reasons never known,
To most society preferred his own.

Women declared that he'd an "evil eye,"—

This in a sense was true—he had but one ;
Men, on the other hand, alleged him shy :

We sometimes say so of the friends we shun ;
But, wrong or right, suffices to affirm it—
The Cyclops lived a veritable hermit,—

Dwelling below the cliff, beside the sea,

Caved like an ancient British Troglodyte,
Milking his goat at eve, and it may be,

Spearing the fish along the flats at night,

A Tale of Polypheme.

Until, at last, one April evening mild,
Came to the Inn a Lady and a Child.

The Lady was a nullity ; the Child

One of those bright bewitching little creatures,
Who, if she once but shyly looked and smiled,
Would soften out the ruggedest of features ;
Fragile and slight,—a very fay for size,—
With pale town-cheeks, and “ clear germander eyes.”

Nurses, no doubt, might name her “somewhat wild;”

And pedants, possibly, pronounce her “slow ;”
Or corset-makers add, that for a child,
She needed “cultivation ;”—all I know
Is that whene’er she spoke, or laughed, or romped,
you
Felt in each act the beauty of impromptu.

The Lady was a nullity—a pale,

Nerveless and pulseless quasi-invalid,
Who, lest the ozone should in aught avail,
Remained religiously indoors to read ;
So that, in wandering at her will, the Child
Did, in reality, run “somewhat wild.”

A Tale of Polypheme.

At first but peering at the sanded floor
And great shark jaw-bone in the cosy bar ;
Then watching idly from the dusky door,
The noisy advent of a coach or car ;
Then stealing out to wonder at the fate
Of blistered Ajax by the garden gate,—

Some old ship's figure-head—until at last,
Straying with each excursion more and more,
She reached the limits of the road, and passed,
Plucking the pansies, downward to the shore,
And so, as you, respected Reader, showed,
Came to the smith's "desirable abode."

There by the cave the occupant she found,
Weaving a crate ; and, with a gladsome cry,
The dog frisked out, although the Cyclops frowned
With all the terrors of his single eye ;
Then from a mound came running, too, the goat,
Uttering her plaintive, desultory note.

The Child stood wondering at the silent man,
Doubtful to go or stay, when presently
She felt a plucking, for the goat began
To crop the trail of twining briony

A Tale of Polypheme.

She held behind her ; so that, laughing, she
Turned her light steps, retreating, to the sea.

But the goat followed her on eager feet,
And therewithal an air so grave and mild,
Coupled with such a deprecatory bleat
Of injured confidence, that soon the Child
Filled the lone shore with louder merriment,
And e'en the Cyclops' heavy brow unbent.

Thus grew acquaintanceship between the pair,
The girl and goat ;—for thenceforth, day by day,
The Child would bring her four-foot friend such fare
As might be gathered on the downward way :—
Foxglove, or broom, and “ yellow cytissus,”
Dear to all goats since Greek Theocritus.

But, for the Cyclops, that misogynist
Having, by stress of circumstances, smiled,
Felt it at least incumbent to resist
Further encroachment, and as one beguiled
By adverse fortune, with the half-door shut,
Dwelt in the dim seclusion of his hut.

And yet not less from thence he still must see
That daily coming, and must hear the goat

A Tale of Polypheme.

Bleating her welcome ; then, towards the sea,
The happy voices of the playmates float ;
Until, at last, enduring it no more,
He took his wonted station by the door.

Here was, of course, a pitiful surrender ;
For soon the Child, on whom the Evil eye
Seemed to exert an influence but slender,
Would run to question him, till, by and by,
His moody humor like a cloud dispersing,
He found himself uneasily conversing.

That was a sow's-ear, that an egg of skate,
And this an agate rounded by the wave.
Then came inquiries still more intimate
About himself, the anvil, and the cave ;
And then, at last, the Child, without alarm
Would even spell the letters on his arm.

"G—A—L—*Galatea*." So there grew
On his part, like some half-remembered tale,
The new-found memory of an ice-bound crew,
And vague garrulities of spouting whale,—
Of sea-cow basking upon berg and floe,
And Polar light, and stunted Eskimo.

A Tale of Polypheme.

Till, in his heart, which hitherto had been
 Locked as those frozen barriers of the North,
There came once more the season of the green,—
 The tender bud-time and the putting forth,
So that the man, before the new sensation,
Felt for the child a kind of adoration ;—

Rising by night, to search for shell and flower,
 To lay in places where she found them first ;
Hoarding his cherished goat's milk for the hour
 When those young lips might feel the summer's
 thirst ;
Holding himself for all devotion paid
By that clear laughter of the little maid.

Dwelling, alas ! in that fond Paradise
 Where no to-morrow quivers in suspense,—
Where scarce the changes of the sky suffice
 To break the soft forgetfulness of sense,—
Where dreams become realities ; and where
I willingly would leave him—did I dare.

Yet for a little space it still endured,
 Until, upon a day when least of all
The softened Cyclops, by his hopes assured,

A Tale of Polypheme.

Dreamed the inevitable blow could fall,
Came the stern moment that should all destroy,
Bringing a pert young cockerel of a Boy.

Middy, I think,—he'd "*Acis*" on his box :—

A black-eyed, sun-burnt, mischief-making imp,
Pet of the mess,—a Puck with curling locks,
Who straightway travestied the Cyclops' limp,
And marveled how his cousin so could care
For such a "one-eyed, melancholy Bear."

So there was war at once ; not overt yet,

For still the Child, unwilling, would not break
The new acquaintanceship, nor quite forget
The pleasant past ; while, for his treasure's sake,
The boding smith with clumsy efforts tried
To win the laughing scorner to his side.

There are some sights pathetic ; none I know

More sad than this : to watch a slow-wrought
mind

Humbling itself, for love, to come and go

Before some petty tyrant of its kind ;
Saddest, ah !—saddest far,—when it can do
Naught to advance the end it has in view.

A Tale of Polypheme.

This was at least the Cyclops' case, until,
Whether the boy beguiled the Child away,
Or whether that limp Matron on the Hill
Woke from her novel-reading trance, one day
He waited long and wearily in vain,—
But, from that hour, they never came again.

Yet still he waited, hoping—wondering if
They still might come, or dreaming that he heard
The sound of far-off voices on the cliff,
Or starting strangely when the she-goat stirred ;
But nothing broke the silence of the shore,
And, from that hour, the Child returned no more.

Therefore our Cyclops sorrowed,—not as one
Who can command the gamut of despair ;
But as a man who feels his days are done,
So dead they seem,—so desolately bare ;
For, though he'd lived a hermit, 'twas but only
Now he discovered that his life was lonely.

The very sea seemed altered, and the shore ;
The very voices of the air were dumb ;

A Tale of Polypheme.

Time was an emptiness that o'er and o'er
Ticked with the dull pulsation "Will she come?"
So that he sat "consuming in a dream,"
Much like his old forerunner, Polypheme.

Until there came the question, "Is she gone?"
With such sad sick persistence that at last,
Urged by the hungry thought which drove him on,
Along the steep declivity he passed,
And by the summit panting stood, and still,
Just as the horn was sounding on the hill.

Then, in a dream, beside the "Dragon" door,
The smith saw travelers standing in the sun;
Then came the horn again, and three or four
Looked idly at him from the roof, but One,—
A Child within,—suffused with sudden shame,
Thrust forth a hand, and called to him by name.

Thus the coach vanished from his sight, but he
Limped back with bitter pleasure in his pain;
He was not all forgotten—could it be?
And yet the knowledge made the memory vain;

A Tale of Polypheme.

And then—he felt a pressure in his throat,
So, for that night, forgot to milk his goat.

What then might come of silent misery,

What new resolvings then might intervene,
I know not. Only, with the morning sky,

The goat stood tethered on the “Dragon” green,
And those who, wondering, questioned thereupon,
Found the hut empty,—for the man was gone.

A STORY FROM A DICTIONARY.

*" Sic visum Veneri : cui placet impares
Formas atque animos sub juga aënea
Saevo mittere cum joco."*

HOR. i. 33.

" LOVE mocks us all "—as Horace said of old :

From sheer perversity, that arch-offender
Still yokes unequally the hot and cold,
The short and tall, the hardened and the tender ;
He bids a Socrates espouse a scold,

And makes a Hercules forget his gender :—
Sic visum Veneri ! Lest samples fail,
I add a fresh one from the page of BAYLE.

It was in Athens that the thing occurred,
In the last days of Alexander's rule,

A Story from a Dictionary.

While yet in Grove or Portico was heard
The studious murmur of its learned school ;—
Nay, 'tis one favored of Minerva's bird
Who plays therein the hero (or the fool)
With a Megarian, who must then have been
A maid, and beautiful, and just eighteen.

I shan't describe her. Beauty is the same
In Anno Domini as erst B.C. ;
The type is still that witching One who came,
Between the furrows, from the bitter sea ;
'Tis but to shift accessories and frame,
And this our heroine in a trice would be,
Save that she wore a *peplum* and a *chiton*,
Like any modern on the beach at Brighton.

Stay, I forget !—of course the sequel shows
She had some qualities of disposition,
To which, in general, her sex are foes,—
As strange proclivities to erudition,
And lore unfeminine, reserved for those
Who now-a-days descant on "Woman's Mission,"
Or tread instead that "primrose path" to knowledge,
That gentler Academe—the Girton College.

A Story from a Dictionary.

The truth is, she admired a learned man.

There were no curates in that sunny Greece,
For whom the mind emotional could plan
Fine-art habiliments in gold and fleece ;
(This was ere chasuble or cope began
To shake the centers of domestic peace ;)
So that " admiring," such as maids give way to,
Turned to the ranks of Zeno and of Plato.

The " object " here was mildly prepossessing,
At least, regarded in a woman's sense ;
His *forte*, it seems, lay chiefly in expressing
Disputed fact in Attic eloquence ;
His ways were primitive ; and as to dressing,
His toilet was a negative pretense ;
He kept, besides, the *régime* of the Stoic ;—
In short, was not, by any means, " heroic."

Sic visum Veneri!—The thing is clear.

Her friends were furious, her lovers nettled ;
'Twas much as though the Lady Vere de Vere
On some hedge-schoolmaster her heart had settled.
Unheard ! Intolerable !—a lumbering steer
To plod the upland with a mare high-mettled !—

A Story from a Dictionary.

They would, no doubt, with far more pleasure hand
her
To curled Euphorion or Anaximander.

And so they used due discipline, of course,
To lead to reason this most erring daughter,
Proceeding even to extremes of force,—
Confinement (solitary), and bread and water ;
Then, having lectured her till they were hoarse,
Finding that this to no submission brought her,
At last, (unwisely*) to the man they sent,
That he might combat her by argument.

Being, they fancied, but a bloodless thing ;
Or else too well forewarned of that commotion
Which poets feign inseparable from Spring
To suffer danger from a school-girl notion ;
Also they hoped that she might find her king,
On close inspection, clumsy and Bæotian :—
This was acute enough, and yet, between us,
I think they thought too little about Venus.

Something, I know, of this sort is related
In Garrick's life. However, the man came,

* "Unwisely," surely. But 'tis well to mention
That this particular is *not* invention.

A Story from a Dictionary.

And taking first his mission's end as stated,
Began at once her sentiments to tame,
Working discreetly to the point debated
By steps rhetorical I spare to name ;
In other words,—he broke the matter gently.
Meanwhile, the lady looked at him intently,
Wistfully, sadly,—and it put him out,
Although he went on steadily, but faster.
There were some maladies he'd read about
Which seemed, at first, most difficult to master ;
They looked incurable at times, no doubt,
But all they needed was a little plaster ;
This was a thing physicians long had pondered,
Considered, weighed and then and
then he wandered.

('Tis so embarrassing to have before you
A silent auditor, with candid eyes ;
With lips that speak no sentence to restore you,
And aspect, generally, of pained surprise ;
Then, if we add that all these things adore you,
'Tis really difficult to syllogize :—
Of course it mattered not to him a feather,
But still he wished they'd not been left
together.)

A Story from a Dictionary.

“Of one,” he said, continuing, “of these
The young especially should be suspicious ;
Seeing no ailment in Hippocrates
Could be at once so tedious and capricious ;
No seeming apple of Hesperides
More fatal, deadlier, and more delicious—
Pernicious,—he should say,—for all its seeming . . .”
It seemed to him he simply was blaspheming.

(If she had only turned askance, or uttered
Word in reply, or trifled with her brooch,
Or sighed, or cried, grown petulant, or fluttered,
He might (in metaphor) have “called his coach” ;
Yet still, while patiently he hemmed and stuttered,
She wore her look of wondering reproach ;
(And those who read the “Shakespeare of Romances”
Know of what stuff a girl’s “dynamic glance” is.)

“But there was still a cure, the wise insisted,
In love,—he should say, in philosophy.
Philosophy—no, love—at best existed
But as an ill for that to remedy :
There was no knot so intricately twisted,
There was no riddle but at last should be
By love—he meant philosophy—resolved”
The fact is, he was getting quite involved.

A Story from a Dictionary.

O sovran Love ! how far thy power surpasses
Aught that is taught of Logic or the Schools !
Here was a man, " far seen " in all the classes,
Strengthened of precept, fortified of rules,
Mute as the least articulate of asses ;
Nay, at an age when every passion cools,
Conscious of nothing but a sudden yearning
Stronger by far than any force of learning !

Therefore he changed his tone, flung down his wallet,
Described his lot, how pitiable and poor ;
The hut of mud,—the miserable pallet,—
The alms solicited from door to door ;
The scanty fare of bitter bread and sallet,—
Could she this shame,—this poverty endure ?
I scarcely think he knew what he was doing,
But that last line had quite a touch of wooing.

And so she answered him,—those early Greeks
Took little care to keep concealment preying
At any length upon their damask cheeks,—
She answered him by very simply saying,
She would and could :—and said it as one speaks
Who takes no course without much careful
weighing. . . .

A Story from a Dictionary.

Was this, perchance, the answer that he hoped ?
It might, or might not be. But they eloped.

Sought the free pine-wood and the larger air,—
The leafy sanctuaries, remote and inner,
Where the great heart of nature, beating bare,
Receives benignant both saint and sinner ;—
Leaving propriety to gasp and stare,
And shake its head, like Burleigh, after dinner,
From pure incompetence to mar or mend them :
They fled and wed ;—though, mind, I don't defend
them.

I don't defend them. 'Twas a serious act,
No doubt too much determined by the senses ;
(Alas ! when these affinities attract,
We lose the future in the present tenses !)
Besides, the least establishment's a fact
Involving nice adjustment of expenses ;
Moreover, too, reflection should reveal
That not remote contingent—*la famille*.

Yet these, maybe, were happy in their lot.
Milton has said (and surely Milton knows)

A Story from a Dictionary.

That after all, philosophy is “not,—

Not harsh and crabbed, as dull fools suppose ;”

And some, no doubt, for Love’s sake have forgot

Much that is needful in this world of prose :—

Perchance ’twas so with these. But who shall say ?

Time has long since swept them and theirs away.

THE WATER-CURE.

A TALE : IN THE MANNER OF PRIOR.

"—portentaque Thessala rides ?"

HOR.

"—Thessalian portents do you flout ?"

* *

CARDENIO's fortunes ne'er miscarried
Until the day Cardenio married.
What then ? the Nymph no doubt was young ?
She was : but yet—she had a tongue !
Most women have, you seem to say.
I grant it—in a different way.

'Twas not that organ half-divine,
With which, Dear Friend, your spouse or mine,

The Water-Cure.

What time we seek our nightly pillows,
Rebukes our easy peccadilloes :
'Twas not so tuneful, so composing ;
'Twas louder and less often dozing ;
At Ombre, Basset, Loo, Quadrille,
You heard it resonant and shrill ;
You heard it rising, rising yet
Beyond Selinda's parroquet ;
You heard it rival and outdo
The chair-men and the link-boy too ;
In short, wherever lungs perform,
Like Marlborough, it rode the storm.

So uncontrolled it came to be,
Cardenio feared his *chère amie*
(Like Echo by Cephissus shore)
Would turn to voice and nothing more.

That ('tis conceded) must be cured
Which can't by practice be endured.
Cardenio, though he loved the maid,
Grew daily more and more afraid ;
And since advice could not prevail
(Reproof but seemed to fan the gale,)
A prudent man, he cast about
To find some fitting nostrum out.

The Water-Cure.

What need to say that priceless drug
Had not in any mine been dug ?
What need to say no skillful leech
Could check that plethora of speech ;
Suffice it, that one lucky day
Cardenio tried—another way.

A Hermit (there were hermits then ;
The most accessible of men !)
Near Vauxhall's sacred shade resided ;
In him, at length, our friend confided.
(Simple, for show, he used to sell ;
But cast Nativities as well.)
Consulted, he looked wondrous wise ;
Then undertook the enterprise.

What that might be, the Muse must spare ;
To tell the truth, she was not there.
She scorns to patch what she ignores
With Similes and Metaphors ;
And so, in short, to change the scene,
She slips a fortnight in between.

Behold our pair then (quite by chance)
In Vauxhall's garden of romance,—

The Water-Cure.

That paradise of nymphs and grottoes,
Of fans, and fiddles, and ridottoes !
What wonder if, the lamps reviewed,
The song encored, the maze pursued,
No further feat could seem more pat
Than seek the Hermit after that ?
Who then more keen her fate to see
Than this, the new Leuconoë,
On fire to learn the lore forbidden
In Babylonian numbers hidden ?
Forthwith they took the darkling road
To Albumazar his abode.

Arriving, they beheld the sage
Intent on hieroglyphic page,
In high Armenian cap arrayed
And girt with engines of his trade
(As Skeletons, and Spheres, and Cubes ;
As Amulets and Optic Tubes) ;
With dusky depths behind revealing
Strange shapes that dangled from the ceiling ;
While more to palsy the beholder
A Black Cat sat upon his shoulder.

The Hermit eyed the Lady o'er
As one whose face he'd seen before

The Water-Cure.

And then, with agitated looks,
He fell to fumbling at his books.

Cardenio felt his spouse was frightened,
Her grasp upon his arm had tightened ;
Judge then her horror and her dread
When "Vox Stellarum" shook his head ;
Then darkly spake in phrase forlorn
Of Taurus and of Capricorn ;
Of stars averse, and stars ascendant,
And stars entirely independent ;
In fact, it seemed that all the Heavens
Were set at sixes and at sevens,
Portending, in her case, some fate
Too fearful to prognosticate.

Meanwhile the Dame was well-nigh dead.
"But is there naught," Cardenio said,
"No sign or token, Sage, to show
From whence, or what, this dismal woe?"

The sage, with circle and with plane,
Betook him to his charts again.
"It vaguely seems to threaten Speech :
No more (he said) the signs can teach."

The Water-Cure.

But still Cardenio tried once more :
“ Is there no potion in your store,
No charm by Chaldee mage concerted
By which this doom can be averted ? ”

The Sage, with motion doubly mystic,
Resumed his juggling cabalistic.
The aspects here again were various ;
But seemed to indicate Aquarius.
Thereat protentously he frowned ;
Then frowned again, then smiled ;—’twas found !
But ’twas too simple to be tried.
“ What is it, then ? ” at once they cried.
“ Whene’er by chance you feel incited
To speak at length, or uninvited ;
Whene’er you feel your tones grow shrill
(At times, we know, the softest will !),
This word oracular, my daughter,
Bids you to fill your mouth with water :
Further, to hold it firm and fast,
Until the danger be o’erpast.”

The Dame, by this in part relieved
The prospect of escape perceived,

The Water-Cure.

Rebelled a little at the diet.
Cardenio said discreetly "Try it,
Try it, my Own. You have no choice,
What if you lose your charming voice !"
She tried, it seems. And whether then
Some god stepped in, benign to men ;
Or Modesty, too long outlawed,
Contrived to aid the pious fraud
I know not :— but from that same day
She talked in quite a different way.

VERS DE SOCIÉTÉ.

INCOGNITA.

Just for a space that I met her—
Just for a day in the train !
It began when she feared it would wet her,
That tiniest spurtle of rain :
So we tucked a great rug in the sashes,
And carefully padded the pane ;
And I sorrow in sackcloth and ashes,
Longing to do it again !

Then it grew when she begged me to reach her
A dressing-case under the seat ;
She was "really so tiny a creature,
That she needed a stool for her feet !"
Which was promptly arranged to her order
With a care that was even minute,

Incognita.

And a glimpse—of an open-work border,
And a glance—of the fairest boot.

Then it drooped, and revived at some hovels—
“Were they houses for men or for pigs?”
Then it shifted to muscular novels,
With a little digression on prigs :
She thought “Wives and Daughters” “*so* jolly ;
“Had I read it?” She knew when I had,
Like the rest, I should dote upon “Molly ;”
And “poor Mrs. Gaskell—how sad !”

“Like Browning?” “But so-so.” His proof lay
Too deep for her frivolous mood,
That preferred your mere metrical *soufflé*
To the stronger poetical food ;
Yet at times he was good—“as a tonic :”
Was Tennyson writing just now ?
And was this new poet Byronic,
And clever, and naughty, or how ?

Then we trifled with concerts and croquet,
Then she daintily dusted her face ;
Then she sprinkled herself with “Ess Bouquet,”
Fished out from the foregoing case ;

Incognita.

And we chattered of Gassier and Grisi,
And voted Aunt Sally a bore ;
Discussed if the tight rope were easy,
Or Chopin much harder than Spohr.

And oh ! the odd things that she quoted,
With the prettiest possible look,
And the price of two buns that she noted
In the prettiest possible book ;
While her talk like a musical rillet
Flashed on with the hours that flew,
And the carriage, her smile seemed to fill it
With just enough summer—for Two.

Till at last in her corner, peeping
From a nest of rugs and of furs,
With the white shut eyelids sleeping
On those dangerous looks of hers,
She seemed like a snowdrop breaking,
Not wholly alive nor dead,
But with one blind impulse making
To the sounds of the spring overhead ;

And I watched in the lamplight's swerving
The shade of the down-dropt lid,

Incognita.

And the lip-line's delicate curving,
Where a slumbering smile lay hid,
Till I longed that, rather than sever,
The train should shriek into space,
And carry us onward—forever,—
Me and that beautiful face.

But she suddenly woke in a fidget,
With fears she was “nearly at home,”
And talk of a certain Aunt Bridget,
Whom I mentally wished—well at Rome ;
Got out at the very next station,
Looking back with a merry *Bon Soir*,
Adding, too, to my utter vexation,
A surplus, unkind *Au Revoir*.

So left me to muse on her graces,
To doze and to muse, till I dreamed
That we sailed through the sunniest places
In a glorified galley, it seemed ;
But the cabin was made of a carriage,
And the ocean was Eau-de-Cologne,
And we split on a rock labeled MARRIAGE,
And I woke,—as cold as a stone.

Incognita.

And that's how I lost her—a jewel,
 Incognita—one in a crowd,
Nor prudent enough to be cruel,
 Nor worldly enough to be proud.
It was just a shut lid and its lashes,
 Just a few hours in a train,
And I sorrow in sackcloth and ashes
 Longing to see her again.

DORA *VERSUS* ROSE.

"The case is proceeding."

FROM the tragic-est novels at Mudie's—

At least, on a practical plan—

To the tales of mere Hodges and Judys,

One love is enough for a man.

But no case that I ever yet met is

Like mine : I am equally fond

Of Rose, who a charming brunette is,

And Dora, a blonde.

Each rivals the other in powers—

Each waltzes, each warbles, each paints—

Miss Rose, chiefly tumble-down towers ;

Miss Do., perpendicular saints.

Dora Versus Rose.

In short, to distinguish is folly ;
'Twixt the pair I am come to the pass
Of Macheath, between Lucy and Polly,—
Or Buridan's ass.

If it happens that Rosa I've singled
For a soft celebration in rhyme,
Then the ringlets of Dora get mingled
Somehow with the tune and the time ;
Or I painfully pen me a sonnet
To an eyebrow intended for Do.'s,
And behold I am writing upon it
The legend, "To Rose."

Or I try to draw Dora (my blotter
Is all overscrawled with her head),
If I fancy at last that I've got her,
It turns to her rival in stead ;
Or I find myself placidly adding
To the rapturous tresses of Rose
Miss Dora's bud-mouth, and her madding,
Ineffable nose.

Was there ever so sad a dilemma ?
For Rose I would perish (*pro tem.*) ;

Dora Versus Rose.

For Dora I'd willingly stem a—
 (Whatever might offer to stem) ;
But to make the invidious election,—
 To declare that on either one's side
I've a scruple,—a grain, more affection,
 I *cannot* decide.

And, as either so hopelessly nice is,
 My sole and my final resource
Is to wait some indefinite crisis,—
 Some feat of molecular force,
To solve me this riddle conducive
 By no means to peace or repose,
Since the issue can scarce be inclusive
 Of *Dora and* Rose.

(Afterthought.)

But, perhaps, if a third (say a Norah),
 Not quite so delightful as Rose,—
Not wholly so charming as Dora,—
 Should appear, is it wrong to suppose,—
As the claims of the others are equal,—
 And flight—in the main—is the best,—
That I might . . . But no matter,—the sequel
 Is easily guessed.

AD ROSAM.

*“ Mitte sectari ROSA quo locorum
Sera moretur.”*

—HOR. I. 38.

I HAD a vacant dwelling—
Where situated, I,
As naught can serve the telling,
Decline to specify ;—
Enough 'twas neither haunted,
Entailed, nor out of date ;
I put up “Tenant Wanted,”
And left the rest to Fate.

Then, Rose, you passed the window,—
I see you passing yet,—
Ah, what could I within do,
When, Rose, our glances met !

Ad Rosam.

You snared me, Rose, with ribbons,
Your rose-mouth made me thrall,
Brief—briefer far than Gibbon's,
Was my "Decline and Fall."

I heard the summons spoken
That all hear—king and clown :
You smiled—the ice was broken ;
You stopped—the bill was down.
How blind we are ! It never
Occurred to me to seek
If you had come forever,
Or only for a week.

The words your voice neglected,
Seemed written in your eyes ;
The thought your heart protected,
Your cheek told, missal-wise ;—
I read the rubric plainly
As any Expert could ;
In short, we dreamed,—insanely,
As only lovers should.

I broke the tall C  none,
That then my chambers graced,

Ad Rosam.

Because she seemed "too bony,"
To suit your purist taste ;
And you, without vexation,
May certainly confess
Some graceful approbation,
Designed *à mon adresse*.

You liked me then, *carina*,—
You liked me then, I think ;
For your sake gall had been a
Mere tonic-cup to drink ;
For your sake, bonds were trivial,
The rack, a *tour-de-force* ;
And banishment, convivial,—
Your coming too, of course.

Then, Rose, a word in jest meant
Would throw you in a state
That no well-timed investment
Could quite alleviate ;
Beyond a Paris trousseau
You prized my smile, I know,
I, yours—ah, more than Rousseau
The lip of d'Houdetot.

Ad Rosam.

Then, Rose,—But why pursue it ?
When Fate begins to frown
Best write the final “*fuit*,”
And gulp the physic down.
And yet,—and yet, that only,
The song should end with this :—
You left me,—left me lonely,
Rosa mutabilis !

Left me, with Time for Mentor,
(A dreary *tête-à-tête !*)
To pen my “Last Lament,” or
Extemporize to Fate,
In blankest verse disclosing
My bitterness of mind,—
Which is, I learn, composing
In cases of the kind.

No, Rose. Though you refuse me,
Culture the pang prevents ;
“I am not made ”—excuse me—
“Of so slight elements ;”
I leave to common lovers
The hemlock or the hood ;
My rarer soul recovers
In dreams of public good.

Ad Rosam.

The Roses of this nation—
Or so I understand
From careful computation—
Exceed the gross demand ;
And, therefore, in civility
To maids that can't be matched,
No man of sensibility
Should linger unattached.

So, without further fashion—
A modern Curtius,
Plunging, from pure compassion,
To aid the overplus,—
I sit down, sad—not daunted,
And, in my weeds, begin
A new card—"Tenant Wanted ;
Particulars within."

OUTWARD BOUND.

(HORACE, III. 7.)

*" Quid fles, Asterie, quem tibi candidi
Primo restituent vere Favonii—
Gygen ? "*

COME, Laura, patience. Time and Spring
Your absent Arthur back shall bring,
Enriched with many an Indian thing
Once more to woo you ;
Him neither wind nor wave can check,
Who, cramped beneath the " Simla's " deck,
Still constant, though with stiffened neck,
Makes verses to you.

Outward Bound.

Would it were wave and wind alone !
The terrors of the torrid zone,
The indiscriminate cyclone,
 A man might parry ;
But only faith, or "triple brass,"
Can help the "outward-bound" to pass
Safe through that eastward-faring class
 Who sail to marry.

For him fond mothers, stout and fair,
Ascend the tortuous cabin stair
Only to hold around his chair
 Insidious sessions ;
For him the eyes of daughters droop
Across the plate of handed soup,
Suggesting seats upon the poop,
 And soft confessions.

Nor are these all his pains, nor most.
Romancing captains cease to boast—
Loud majors leave their whist—to roast
 The youthful griffin ;
All, all with pleased persistence show
His fate,—“remote, unfriended, slow,”—
His “melancholy” bungalow,—
 His lonely tiffin.

Outward Bound.

In vain. Let doubts assail the weak ;
Unmoved and calm as "Adam's Peak,"
Your "blameless Arthur" hears them speak
 Of woes that wait him ;
Naught can subdue his soul secure ;
"Arthur will come again," be sure,
Though matron shrewd and maid mature
 Conspire to mate him.

But, Laura, on your side, forbear
To greet with too impressed an air
A certain youth with chestnut hair,—
 A youth unstable ;
Albeit none more skilled can guide
The frail canoe on Thamis tide,
Or, trimmer-footed, lighter glide
 Through "Guards" or "Mabel."

Be warned in time. Without a trace
Of acquiescence on your face,
Hear, in the waltz's breathing space,
 His airy patter ;
Avoid the confidential nook ;
If, when you sing, you find his look
Grow tender, close your music-book,
 And end the matter.

IN THE ROYAL ACADEMY

HUGH (*on furlough*). HELEN (*his cousin*).

HELEN.

They have not come ! And ten is past,—
Unless, by chance, my watch is fast ;
—Aunt Mabel surely told us “ten.”

HUGH.

I doubt if she can do it, then.
In fact, their train

HELEN.

That is,—you knew.
How could you be so treacherous, Hugh ?

In the Royal Academy.

HUGH.

Nay ;—it is scarcely mine, the crime,
One can't account for railway-time !
Where shall we sit ? Not here, I vote ;—
At least, there's nothing here of note.

HELEN.

Then *here* we'll stay, please. Once for all,
I bar all artists,—great and small !
From now until we go in June
I shall hear nothing but this tune :—
Whether I like Long's " Vashti," or
Like Leslie's " Naughty Kitty " more ;
With all that critics, right or wrong,
Have said of Leslie and of Long
No. If you value my esteem,
I beg you'll take another theme ;
Paint me some pictures, if you will,
But spare me these, for good and ill

HUGH.

" Paint you some pictures !" Come, that's
kind !
You know I'm nearly color-blind.

In the Royal Academy.

HELEN.

Paint then, in words. You did before ;
Scenes at—where was it ? Dustypoor ?
You know

HUGH (*with an inspiration*).

I'll try.

HELEN.

But mind they're pretty
Not "hog hunts."

HUGH.

You shall be Committee,
And say if they are "out" or "in."

HELEN.

I shall reject them all. Begin.

HUGH.

Here is the first. An antique Hall
(Like Chanticleere) with paneled wall.
A boy, or rather lad. A girl,
Laughing with all her rows of pearl
Before a portrait in a ruff.
He meanwhile watches

In the Royal Academy.

HELEN.

That's enough,
It wants "*verve*," "*brio*," "breadth,"
"design,"
Besides, it's English. I decline.

HUGH.

This is the next. 'Tis finer far :
A foaming torrent (say Braemar).
A pony, grazing by a boulder,
Then the same pair, a little older,
Left by some lucky chance together.
He begs her for a sprig of heather

HELEN.

—"Which she accords with smile seraphic."
I know it,—it was in the "*Graphic*."
Declined.

HUGH.

Once more, and I forego
All hopes of hanging, high or low :
Behold the hero of the scene,
In bungalow and palankeen

In the Royal Academy.

HELEN.

What !—all at once ! But that's absurd ;—
Unless he's Sir Boyle Roche's bird !

HUGH.

Permit me—'Tis a Panorama,
In which the person of the drama,
Mid orientals dusk and tawny,
Mid warriors drinking brandy pawnee,
Mid scorpions, dowagers, and griffins,
In morning rides, at noon-day tiffins,
In every kind of place and weather,
Is solaced by a sprig of heather.

(More seriously.)

He puts that faded scrap before
The "Rajah," or the "Koh-i-noor"
He would not barter it for all
Benares, or the Taj-Mahal . .
It guides,—directs his every act,
And word and thought—In short—in fact—
I mean

(Opening his locket.)

Look, Helen, that's the heather !
(Too late ! Here come both Aunts together.)

In the Royal Academy.

HELEN.

What heather, Sir ?

(After a pause.)

And why "too late?"

—Aunt Dora, how you've made us wait !

Don't you agree that it's a pity

Portraits are hung by the Committee ?

THE LAST DESPATCH.

HURRAH ! the Season's past at last ;
At length we've " done " our pleasure.
Dear " Pater," if you *only* knew
How much I've *longed* for home and you,—
Our own green lawn and leisure !

And then the pets ! One half forgets
The dear dumb friends—in Babel.
I hope my special fish is fed ;—
I long to see poor Nigra's head
Pushed at me from the stable !

I long to see the cob and " Rob,"—
Old Bevis and the Collie ;

The Last Despatch.

And *won't* we read in "Traveler's Rest" !
Home readings after all are best ;—
None else seem half so "jolly !" !

One misses your dear kindly store
Of fancies quaint and funny ;
One misses, too, your kind *bon-mot* ;—
The Mayfair wit I mostly know
Has more of gall than honey !

How tired one grows of "calls and balls !" !
This "*toujours perdrix*" wearies ;
I'm longing, quite, for "Notes on Knox" ;
(*Apropos*, I've the loveliest box
For holding *Notes and Queries* !)

A change of place would suit my case.
You'll take me ?—on probation ?
As "Lady-help," then, let it be ;
I feel (as Lavender shall see),
That Jams are *my* vocation !

How's Lavender ? My love to her.
Does Briggs still flirt with Flowers ?—
Has Hawthorn stubbed the common clear ?—
You'll let me give *some* picnics, Dear,
And ask the Vanes and Towers ?

The Last Despatch.

I met Belle Vane. "He's" still in Spain !

Sir John won't let them marry.

Aunt drove the boys to Brompton Rink ;

And Charley,—changing Charley,—think,

Is now *au mieux* with Carry !

And no. You know what "*No*" I mean—

There's no one yet at present :

The Benedick I have in view

Must be a something wholly new,—

One's father's *far* too pleasant.

So hey, I say, for home and you !

Good-by to Piccadilly ;

Balls, beaux, and Bolton-row, adieu !

Expect me, Dear, at half-past two ;

Till then,—your Own Fond—MILLY.

“PREMIERS AMOURS.”

Old Loves and old dreams,—

“Requiescant in pace.”

How strange now it seems,—

“Old” Loves and “old” dreams !

Yet we once wrote you reams

Maude, Alice and Gracie !

Old Loves and old dreams,—

Requiescant in pace.

WHEN I called at the “Hollies” to-day,

In the room with the cedar-wood presses,
Aunt Deb. was just folding away

What she calls her “memorial dresses.”

She'd the frock that she wore at fifteen,—

Short-waisted, of course—my abhorrence ;
She'd “the loveliest”—something in “een”

That she wears in her portrait by Lawrence ;

“*Premiers Amours.*”

She'd the “jelick” she used—“as a Greek,” (!)
She'd the habit she got her bad fall in ;
She had e'en the blue *moiré antique*
That she opened Squire Grasshopper's ball in :—

New and old they were all of them there :—
Sleek velvet and bombazine stately,—
She had hung them each over a chair
To the “*paniers*” she's taken to lately

(Which she showed me, I think, by mistake).
And I conned o'er the forms and the fashions,
Till the faded old shapes seemed to wake
All the ghosts of my passed-away “passions ;”—

From the days of love's youthfullest dream,
When the height of my shooting idea
Was to burn, like a young Polypheme,
For a somewhat mature Galatea.

There was Lucy, who'd “tiffed” with her first,
And who threw me as soon as her third came ;
There was Norah, whose cut was the worst,
For she told me to wait till my “berd” came ;

“*Premiers Amours.*”

Pale Blanche, who subsisted on salts ;
Blonde Bertha, who doted on Schiller ;
Poor Amy, who taught me to waltz ;
Plain Ann, that I wooed for the “siller ;”—

All danced round my head in a ring,
Like “The Zephyrs” that somebody painted,
All shapes of the sweet “she-thing”—
Shy, scornful, seductive, and sainted,—

To my Wife, in the days she was young . . .
“How, Sir,” says that lady, disgusted,
“Do you dare to include ME among
Your loves that have faded and rusted ?”

“Not at all !”—I benignly retort.
(I was just the least bit in a temper !)
“Those, alas ! were the fugitive sort,
But you are my—*eadem semper* !”

Full stop,—and a Sermon. Yet think,—
There was surely good ground for a quarrel,—
She had checked me when just on the brink
Of—I feel—a remarkable MORAL.

The Screen in the Lumber Room.

THE SCREEN IN THE LUMBER ROOM.

YES, here it is, behind the box,
That puzzle wrought so neatly —
That paradise of paradox —
We once knew so completely ;
You see it? 'T is the same, I swear,
Which stood, that chill September,
Beside your aunt Lavinia's chair,
The year when . . . You remember?

Look, Laura, look ! You must recall
This florid " Fairy's Bower,"
This wonderful Swiss waterfall,
And this old " Leaning Tower ;"
And here 's the " Maiden of Cashmere,"
And here is Bewick's " Starling,"
And here the dandy cuirassier
You thought was " such a Darling !"

The Screen in the Lumber Room.

Your poor dear Aunt ! you know her way,
She used to say this figure
Reminded her of Count D'Orsay
" In all his youthful vigor ; "
And here 's the " cot beside the hill "
We chose for habitation,
The day that . . . But I doubt if still
You 'd like the situation !

Too damp — by far ! She little knew,
Your guileless Aunt Lavinia,
Those evenings when she slumbered through
" The Prince of Abyssinia,"
That there were two beside her chair
Who both had quite decided
To see things in a rosier air
Than Rasselas provided !

Ah ! men wore stocks in Britain's land,
And maids short waists and tippets,
When this old-fashioned screen was planned
From hoarded scraps and snippets ;
But more — far more, I think — to me
Than those who first designed it,
In this — in Eighteen Seventy-Three —
I kissed you first behind it.

DAISY'S VALENTINES.

ALL night through Daisy's sleep, it seems,
Have ceaseless "rat-tats" thundered ;
All night through Daisy's rosy dreams
Have devious Postmen blundered,
Delivering letters round her bed,—
Suggestive missives, sealed with red,
And franked of course with due Queen's-head,—
While Daisy lay and wondered.

But now, when chirping birds begin,
And Day puts off the Quaker,—
When Cook renews her morning din,
And rates the cheerful baker,—
She dreams her dream no dream at all,
For, just as pigeons come at call,

Daisy's Valentines.

Winged letters flutter down, and fall
Around her head, and wake her.

Yes, there they are ! With quirk and twist,
And fraudulent arts directed ;
(Save Grandpapa's dear stiff old "fist,"
Through all disguise detected ;)
But which is his,—her young Lothair's,—
Who wooed her on the school-room stairs
With three sweet cakes, and two ripe pears,
In one neat pile collected ?

'Tis there, be sure. Though truth to speak,
(If truth may be permitted),
I doubt that young "gift-bearing Greek"
Is scarce for fealty fitted ;
For has he not (I grieve to say),
To two loves more, on this same day,
In just this same emblazoned way,
His transient vows transmitted ?

He *may* be true. Yet, Daisy dear,
That even youth grows colder
You'll find is no new thing, I fear ;
And when you're somewhat older,

Daisy's Valentines.

You'll read of one Dardanian boy
Who "wooded with gifts" a maiden coy,—
Then took the morning train to Troy,
In spite of all he'd told her.

But wait. Your time will come. And then,
Obliging Fates, please send her
The bravest thing you have in men,
Sound-hearted, strong, and tender ;—
The kind of man, dear Fates, you know,
That feels how shyly Daisies grow,
And what soft things they are, and so
Will spare to spoil or mend her.

IN TOWN.

"The blue fly sung in the pane."—TENNYSON.

TOILING in Town now is "horrid,"
(There is that woman again!)—
June in the zenith is torrid,
Thought gets dry in the brain.

There is that woman again :
"Strawberries ! fourpence a pottle !"
Thought gets dry in the brain ;
Ink gets dry in the bottle.

"Strawberries ! fourpence a pottle !"
O for the green of a lane !—
Ink gets dry in the bottle ;
"Buzz " goes a fly in the pane !

In Town.

O for the green of a lane,
Where one might lie and be lazy !
“ Buzz ” goes a fly in the pane ;
Bluebottles drive me crazy !

Where one might lie and be lazy,
Careless of town and all in it ! —
Bluebottles drive me crazy :
I shall go mad in a minute !

Careless of town and all in it,
With some one to soothe and to still you ;—
I shall go mad in a minute ;
Bluebottle, then I shall kill you !

With some one to soothe and to still you,
As only one's feminine kin do,—
Bluebottle, then I shall kill you :
There now ! I've broken the window !

As only one's feminine kin do,—
Some muslin-clad Mabel or May ! —
There now ! I've broken the window !
Bluebottle's off and away !

In Town.

Some muslin-clad Mabel or May,
To dash one with eau de Cologne ;—
Bluebottle's off and away ;
And why should I stay here alone !

To dash one with eau de Cologne,
All over one's eminent forehead ;—
And why should I stay here alone !
Toiling in Town now is "horrid."

A SONNET IN DIALOGUE.

FRANK (*on the Lawn*).

Come to the Terrace, May,—the sun is low.

MAY (*in the House*).

Thanks, I prefer my Browning here instead.

FRANK.

There are two peaches by the strawberry bed.

MAY.

They will be riper if we let them grow.

FRANK.

Then the Park-aloe is in bloom, you know.

MAY.

Also, her Majesty Queen Anne is dead.

FRANK.

But surely, May, your pony must be fed.

A Sonnet in Dialogue.

MAY.

And was, and is. I fed him hours ago.
'T is useless, Frank, you see I shall not stir.

FRANK.

Still, I had something you would like to hear.

MAY.

No doubt some new frivolity of men.

FRANK.

Nay,—'t is a thing the gentler sex deploras
Chiefly, I think . . .

MAY (*coming to the window*).

What is this secret, then ?

FRANK (*mysteriously*).

There are no eyes more beautiful than yours

GROWING GRAY.

"On a l'âge de son cœur."—A. D'HOUDETOT.

A LITTLE more toward the light ;—
Me miserable ! Here's one that's white ;
 And one that's turning ;
Adieu to song and "salad days ;"
My muse, let's go at once to Jay's,
 And order mourning.

We must reform our rhymes, my Dear,—
Renounce the gay for the severe,—
 Be grave, not witty ;
We have, no more, the right to find
That Pyrrha's hair is neatly twined,—
 That Chloe's pretty.

Growing Gray.

Young Love's for us a farce that's played ;
Light canzonet and serenade

 No more may tempt us ;
Gray hairs but ill accord with dreams ;
From aught but sour didactic themes
 Our years exempt us.

Indeed ! You really fancy so ?
You think for one white streak we grow
 At once satiric ?
A fiddlestick ! Each hair's a string
To which our grey-beard Muse shall sing
 A younger lyric.

The heart's still sound. Shall "cakes and ale"
Grow rare to youth because *we* rail
 At schoolboy dishes ?
Perish the thought ! 'Tis ours to sing
When neither Time nor Tide can bring
 Belief with wishes.

VARIA.

The Maltworm's Madrigal.

THE MALTWORM'S MADRIGAL.

I DRINK of the Ale of Southwark, I drink of the Ale of
Chepe ;
At noon I dream on the settle ; at night I cannot sleep ;
For my love, my love it groweth ; I waste me all the
day ;
And when I see sweet Alison, I know not what to say.

The sparrow when he spieth his Dear upon the tree,
He beateth to his little wing ; he chirketh lustily ;
But when I see sweet Alison, the words begin to fail ;
I wot that I shall die of Love — an I die not of Ale.

Her lips are like the muscadel ; her brows are black
as ink ;
Her eyes are bright as beryl stones that in the tankard
wink ;
But when she sees me coming, she shrilleth out, —
“Te-Hee !
Fye on thy ruddy nose, Cousin, what lackest thou
of me ?”

The Maltworm's Madrigal.

" Fye on thy ruddy nose, Cousin ! Why be thine
eyes so small ?

Why go thy legs tap-lappetty like men that fear to fall ?
Why is thy leathern doublet besmeared with stain and
spot ?

Go to. Thou art no man (she saith) — thou art a
Pottle-pot ! "

" No man," i' faith. " No man ! " she saith. And
" Pottle-pot " thereto !

" Thou sleepest like our dog all day ; thou drink'st as
fishes do."

I would that I were Tibb the dog ; he wags at her his
tail ;

Or would that I were fish, perdy, — and all the sea
were Ale !

So I drink of the Ale of Southwark, I drink of the Ale
of Chepe ;

All day I dream in the sunlight ; I dream and eke I
weep,

But little lore of loving can any flagon teach,

For when my tongue is loosèd most, then most I lose
my speech.

AN APRIL PASTORAL.

He. Whither away, fair Neat-herdess?

She. Shepherd, I go to tend my kine.

He. Stay thou, and watch this flock of mine.

She. With thee? Nay, that were idleness.

He. Thy kine will pasture none the less.

She. Not so : they wait me and my sign.

He. I'll pipe to thee beneath the pine.

She. Thy pipe will soothe not their distress.

He. Dost thou not hear beside the spring
How the gay birds are caroling?

She. I hear them. But it may not be.

He. Farewell then, Sweetheart ! Farewell now.

She. Shepherd, farewell—— Where goest thou?

He. I go . . to tend thy kine for thee !

A New Song of the Spring Gardens.

A NEW SONG OF THE SPRING GARDENS.

To the Burden of "Rogues All."

COME hither ye gallants, come hither ye maids,
To the trim gravelled walks, to the shady arcades ;
Come hither, come hither, the nightingales call ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

Come hither, ye cits, from your Lothbury hives !
Come hither, ye husbands, and look to your wives !
For the sparks are as thick as the leaves in the Mall ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

Here the 'prentice from Aldgate may ogle a Toast !
Here his Worship must elbow the knight of the post !
For the wicket is free to the great and the small ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

Here Betty may flaunt in her mistress's sack !
Here Trip wear his master's brocade on his back !

A New Song of the Spring Gardens.

Here a hussy may ride, and a rogue take the wall ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

Here Beauty may grant, and here Valor may ask !
Here the plainest may pass for a Belle (in a mask) !
Here a domino covers the short and the tall ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

'T is a type of the world, with its drums and its din ;
'T is a type of the world, for when once you come in
You are loth to go out ; like the world 't is a ball ; —
Sing *Tantarara*, — Vauxhall ! Vauxhall !

A LOVE-SONG.

(A.D. 1700.)

WHEN first in CELIA's ear I poured
A yet unpracticed pray'r,
My trembling tongue sincere ignored
The aids of "sweet" and "fair."
I only said, as in me lay,
I'd strive her "worth" to reach ;
She frowned, and turned her eyes away.—
So much for truth in speech.

Then DELIA came. I changed my plan ;
I praised her to her face ;
I praised her features,—praised her fan,
Her lap-dog and her lace ;
I swore that not till Time were dead
My passion should decay ;
She, smiling, gave her hand, and said
'Twill last then—for a DAY.

Of His Mistress.

OF HIS MISTRESS.

(After Anthony Hamilton.)

(TO G. S.)

SHE that I love is neither brown nor fair,
And, in a word her worth to say,
There is no maid that with her may
Compare.

Yet of her charms the count is clear, I ween :
There are five hundred things we see,
And then five hundred too there be,
Not seen.

Her wit, her wisdom, are direct from Heaven :
But the sweet Graces from their store
A thousand finer touches more
Have given.

Of His Mistress.

Her cheek's warm dye, what painter's brush could note?

Beside her Flora would be wan,

And white as whiteness of the swan

Her throat.

Her supple waist, her arm from Venus came,

Hebe her nose and lip confess,

And, looking in her eyes, you guess

Her name.

The Nameless Charm.

THE NAMELESS CHARM.

(Expanded from an Epigram of Piron.)

STELLA, 't is not your dainty head,
Your artless look, I own ;
'T is not your dear coquettish tread,
Or this, or that alone ;

Nor is it all your gifts combined ;
'T is something in your face, —
The untranslated, undefined,
Uncertainty of grace,

That taught the boy on Ida's hill
To whom the meed was due ;
*All three have equal charms — but still
This one I give it to !*

To Phidyle.

TO PHIDYLE.

(HOR. III., 23.)

INCENSE, and flesh of swine, and this year's grain,
At the new moon, with suppliant hands, bestow,
O rustic Phidyle ! So naught shall know
Thy crops of blight, thy vine of Afric bane,
And hale the nurslings of thy flock remain
Through the sick apple-tide. Fit victims grow
'Twixt holm and oak upon the Algid snow,
Or Alban grass, that with their necks must stain
The Pontif's axe : to thee can scarce avail
Thy modest gods with much slain to assail,
Whom myrtle crowns and rosemary can please.
Lay on the altar a hand pure of fault ;
More than rich gifts the Powers it shall appease,
Though pious but with meal and crackling salt.

To His Book.

TO HIS BOOK.

(HOR. EP. I., 20.)

FOR mart and street you seem to pine
With restless glances, Book of mine !
Still craving on some stall to stand,
Fresh pumiced from the binder's hand.
You chafe at locks, and burn to quit
Your modest haunt and audience fit
For hearers less discriminate.
I reared you up for no such fate.
Still, if you *must* be published, go ;
But mind, you can't come back, you know !

"What have I done?" I hear you cry,
And writhe beneath some critic's eye ;
"What did I want?" — when, scarce polite,
They do but yawn, and roll you tight.

To His Book.

And yet methinks, if I may guess.
(Putting aside your heartlessness
In leaving me and this your home),
You should find favor, too, at Rome.
That is, they 'll like you while you 're young,
When you are old, you 'll pass among
The Great Unwashed, — then thumb'd and sped,
Be fretted of slow moths, unread,
Or to Ilerda you 'll be sent,
Or Utica, for banishment !
And I, whose counsel you disdain,
At that your lot shall laugh amain,
Wryly, as he who, like a fool,
Thrust o'er the cliff his restive mule.
Nay ! there is worse behind. In age
They e'en may take your babbling page
In some remotest "slum" to teach
Mere boys the rudiments of speech !

But go. When on warm days you see
A chance of listeners, speak of me.
Tell them I soared from low estate,
A freedman's son, to higher fate
(That is, make up to me in worth
What you must take in point of birth) ;
Then tell them that I won renown
In peace and war, and pleased the town ;

To His Book.

Paint me as early gray, and one
Little of stature, fond of sun,
Quick-tempered, too, — but nothing more.
Add (if they ask) I'm forty-four,
Or was, the year that over us
Both Lollius ruled and Lepidus.

For a Copy of Herrick.

FOR A COPY OF HERRICK.

MANY days have come and gone,
Many suns have set and shone,
HERRICK, since thou sang'st of Wake,
Morris-dance and Barley-break ; —
Many men have ceased from care,
Many maidens have been fair,
Since thou sang'st of JULIA's eyes,
JULIA's lawns and tiffanies ; —
Many things are past : but thou,
GOLDEN-MOUTH, art singing now,
Singing clearly as of old,
And thy numbers are of gold !

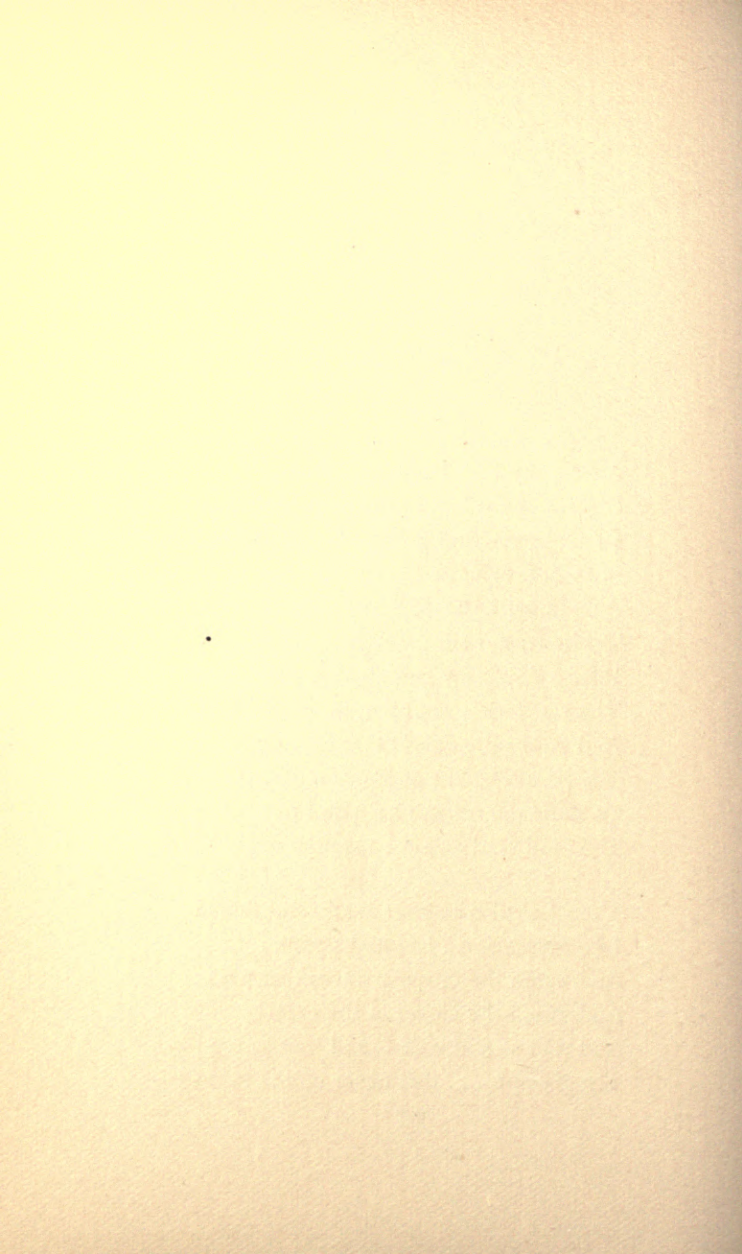
To a Pastoral Poet.

TO A PASTORAL POET.

(H. E. B.)

AMONG my best I put your Book,
O Poet of the breeze and brook !
(That breeze and brook which flows and falls
More soft to those in city walls),
Among my best : and keep it still
Till down the fair grass-girdled hill,
Where slopes my garden-slip, there goes
The wandering wind that wakes the rose,
And scares the cohort that explore
The broad-faced sun-flower o'er and o'er,
Or starts the restless bees that fret
The bindweed and the mignonette.

Then I shall take your Book, and dream
I lie beside some haunted stream ;
And watch the crisping waves that pass,
And watch the flicker in the grass ;
And wait — and wait — and wait to see
The Nymph . . . that never comes to me !



BALLADES AND RONDEAUS.

A BALLAD OF HEROES.

"Now all your victories are in vain."

A. MARY F. ROBINSON.

BECAUSE you passed, and now are not,—
Because, in some remoter day,
Your sacred dust from doubtful spot
Was blown of ancient airs away,—
Because you perished,—must men say
Your deeds were naught, and so profane
Your lives with that cold burden ? Nay,
The deeds you wrought are not in vain !

Though it may be, above the plot
That hid your once imperial clay,
No greener than o'er men forgot
The unregarding grasses sway ;—

A Ballad of Heroes.

Though there no sweeter is the lay
Of careless bird,—though you remain
Without distinction of decay,—
The deeds you wrought are not in vain !

No. For while yet in tower or cot
Your story stirs the pulses' play ;
And men forget the sordid lot—
The sordid care, of cities gray ;—
While yet, be-set in homelier fray,
They learn from you the lesson plain
That Life may go, so Honor stay,—
The deeds you wrought are not in vain !

ENVOY.

HEROES of old ! I humbly lay
The laurel on your graves again ;
Whatever men have done, men may,—
The deeds you wrought are not in vain.

THE BALLAD OF THE THRUSH.

(BALLADE.)

ACROSS the noisy street
I hear him careless throw
One warning utterance sweet ;
Then faint at first, and low,
The full notes closer grow ;
Hark ! what a torrent gush !
They pour, they overflow—
Sing on, sing on, O Thrush !

What trick, what dream's deceit
Has fooled his fancy so ?
To scorn of dust and heat !
I, prisoned here below,

The Ballad of the Thrush.

Feel the fresh breezes blow ;
And see, thro' flag and rush,
Cool water sliding slow—
Sing on, sing on, O Thrush !

Sing on. What though thou beat
On that dull bar, thy foe !
Somewhere the green boughs meet
Beyond the roofs a-row ;
Somewhere the blue skies show,
Somewhere no black walls crush
Poor hearts with hopeless woe—
Sing on, sing on, O Thrush !

ENVOY.

BIRD, though they come, we know,
The empty cage, the hush ;
Still, ere the brief day go,
Sing on, sing on, O Thrush !

THE BALLAD OF THE BARMECIDE.

(BALLADE.)

To one in Eastern clime,—’t is said,—
 There came a man at eve with “Lo!
Friend, ere the day be dimmed and dead,
 Hast thou a mind to feast, and know
 Fair cates, and sweet wine’s overflow?”
To whom that other fain replied—
 “Lead on. Not backward I nor slow;—
Where is thy feast, O Barmecide?”

Thereon the bidder passed and led
 To where, apart from dust and glow,
They found a board with napery spread,
 And gold, and glistening cups a-row.
“Eat,” quoth the host, yet naught did show.
To whom his guest—“Thy board is wide;
 But barren is the cheer, I trow;
Where is thy feast, O Barmecide?”

The Ballad of the Barmecide.

“ Eat ”—quoth the man not less, and fed
From meats unseen, and made as though
He drank of wine both white and red.
“ Eat,—ere the day to darkness grow.
Short space and scant the Fates bestow ! ”
What time his guest him wondering eyed,
Muttering in wrath his beard below—
“ Where is thy feast, O Barmecide ? ”

ENVOY.

TIME,—’t is of thee they fable so.
Thou bidd’st us eat, and still denied,
Still fasting, from thy board we go :—
“ Where is *thy* feast, O Barmecide ? ”

To a June Rose.

TO A JUNE ROSE.

(TO A. P.)

O ROYAL Rose ! the Roman dress'd
His feast with thee ; thy petals press'd
 Augustan brows ; thine odor fine,
 Mix'd with the three-times-mingled wine,
Lent the long Thracian draught its zest.

What marvel then, if host and guest,
By Song, by Joy, by Thee caress'd,
 Half-trembled on the half-divine,
 O royal Rose !

And yet — and yet — I love thee best
In our old gardens of the West,
 Whether about my thatch thou twine,
 Or Hers, that brown-eyed maid of mine,
Who lulls thee on her lawny breast,
 O royal Rose !

To Daffodils.

TO DAFFODILS.

(TO A. J. M.)

O YELLOW flowers that HERRICK sung !
O yellow flowers that danced and swung
 In WORDSWORTH'S verse, and now to me,
 Unworthy, from this "pleasant lea,"
Laugh back, unchanged and ever young ; —

Ah, what a text to us o'erstrung,
O'erwrought, o'erreaching, hoarse of lung,
 You teach by that immortal glee,
 O yellow flowers !

We, by the Age's œstrus stung,
Still hunt the New with eager tongue,
 Vexed ever with the Old, but ye,
 What ye have been ye still shall be,
When we are dust the dust among,
 O yellow flowers !

ON THE HURRY OF THIS TIME.

(RONDEAU.)

WITH slower pen men used to write,
Of old, when "letters" were "polite";
 In Anna's, or in George's days,
 They could afford to turn a phrase
Or trim a straggling theme aright.

They knew not steam; electric light
Not yet had dazed their calmer sight;
 They meted out both blame and praise
 With slower pen.

Too swiftly now the Hours take flight!
What's read at morn is dead at night:
 Scant space have we for Art's delays,
 Whose breathless thought so briefly stays
We may not work—ah! would we might!—
 With slower pen.

“A SABINE FARM.”

(To J. S.)

“A SABINE farm !” Ah would I knew,
Dear S., of one at Barnes or Kew !
Some “neat retreat,”—in auction phrase,—
Where one might nurture bees and bays !—
A freehold, with the Thames in view !

Not mean the craft that I pursue :
Still I could scarce, whate’er my due,
Acquire—the Muse so meanly pays—
A Sabine farm !

But you, benignant Friend and true,
Whom Tea makes rich as any Jew,
Bethink you now, while summer stays,
The bard should hear the linnet’s lays ;—
How nice (for Me) ’twould be had you
A Sabine farm !

EXTREMUM TANAIN.

(RONDEAU.)

BEFORE thy doors too long of late,
O Lyce, I bewail my fate ;
 Not Don's barbarian maids, I trow,
 Would treat their luckless lovers so ;
Thou,—thou alone art obstinate.

Hast thou nor eyes nor ears, Ingrate !
Hark ! how the NORTH WIND shakes thy gate !
 Look ! how the laurels bend with snow
 Before thy doors !

Lay by thy pride,—nor hesitate,
Lest Love and I grow desperate ;
 If prayers, if gifts for naught must go,
 If naught my frozen pallor show,—
Beware ! . . . I shall not always wait
 Before thy doors !

“WHEN BURBADGE PLAYED.”

(To L. B.)

When Burbadge played, the stage was bare
Of fount and temple, tower and stair ;
Two backwords eked a battle out,
Two supers made a rabble-rout,
The Throne of Denmark was a chair !

And yet, no less, the audience there
Thrilled through all changes of Despair,
Hope, Anger, Fear, Delight and Doubt,
When Burbadge played !

This is the Actor's gift,—to share
All moods, all passions, nor to care
One whit for scene, so he without
Can lead men's minds the roundabout
Stirred as of old those hearers were,
When Burbadge played !

PROLOGUE AND ENVOI TO ABBEY'S EDITION
OF "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."

Prologue and Envoi to She Stoops to Conquer.

PROLOGUE TO ABBEY'S EDITION OF "SHE
STOOPS TO CONQUER."

IN the year Seventeen Hundred and Seventy and Three,
When the GEORGES were ruling o'er Britain the free,
There was played a new play, on a new-fashioned plan,
By the GOLDSMITH who brought out the *Good-Natured
Man*.

New-fashioned, in truth — for this play, it appears,
Dealt largely in laughter, and nothing in tears,
While the type of those days, as the learnèd will tell ye,
Was the CUMBERLAND whine or the whimper of KELLY.
So the Critics pooh-poohed, and the Actresses pouted,
And the Public were cold, and the Manager doubted ;
But the Author had friends, and they all went to see it.
Shall we join them in fancy? You answer, So be it !

Imagine yourself then, good Sir, in a wig,
Either grizzle or bob — never mind, you look big.

Prologue and Envoi to She Stoops to Conquer.

You 've a sword at your side, in your shoes there are
buckles,
And the folds of fine linen flap over your knuckles.
You have come with light heart, and with eyes that are
brighter,
From a pint of red Port, and a steak at the Mitre ;
You have strolled from the Bar and the purlieus of Fleet
And you turn from the Strand into Catherine Street ;
Thence climb to the law-loving summits of Bow,
Till you stand at the Portal all play-goers know.
See, here are the 'prentice lads laughing and pushing,
And here are the seamstresses shrinking and blushing,
And here are the urchins who, just as to-day, Sir,
Buzz at you like flies with their " Bill o' the Play, Sir ? "
Yet you take one, no less, and you squeeze by the
Chairs,
With their freights of fine ladies, and mount up the
stairs ;
So issue at last on the House in its pride,
And pack yourself snug in a box at the side.

Here awhile let us pause to take breath as we sit,
Surveying the humors and pranks of the Pit,—
With its Babel of chatterers buzzing and humming,
With its impudent orange-girls going and coming,
With its endless surprises of face and of feature,—
All grinning as one in a gust of good-nature.

Prologue and Envoi to She Stoops to Conquer.

Then we turn to the Boxes where TRIP in his lace
Is aping his master and keeping his place.
Do but note how the Puppy flings back with a yawn,
Like a Duke at the least, or a Bishop in lawn !
Then sniffs at his bouquet, whips round with a smirk,
And ogles the ladies at large — like a Turk.
But the music comes in, and the blanks are all filling,
And TRIP must trip up to the seats at a shilling ;
And spite of the mourning that most of us wear
The House takes a gay and a holiday air ;
For the fair sex are clever at turning the tables
And seem to catch coquetry even in sables.
Moreover, e'en mourning has ribbons and stars,
And is sprinkled about with the red coats of Mars.

Look, look, there is WILKES ! You may tell by the squint ;
But he grows every day more and more like the print
(Ah ! HOGARTH *could* draw !) ; and behind at the back
HUGH KELLY, who looks all the blacker in black.
That is CUMBERLAND next, and the prim-looking person
In the corner, I take it, is *Ossian* MACPHERSON.
And rolling and blinking, here, too, with the rest,
Comes sturdy old JOHNSON, dressed out in his best ;
How he shakes his old noddle ! I'll wager a crown,
Whatever the law is *he's* laying it down !
Beside him is REYNOLDS, who's deaf ; and the hale
Fresh, farmer-like fellow, I fancy, is THRALE.

Prologue and Envoi to She Stoops to Conquer.

There is BURKE with GEORGE STEEVENS. And somewhere, no doubt,

Is the Author — too nervous just now to come out ;
He 's a queer little fellow, grave-featured, pock-pitten,
Tho' they say, in his cups, he 's as gay as a kitten.

But where is our play-bill? *Mistakes of a Night!*

If the title 's prophetic, I pity his plight !

She Stoops! Let us hope she won't fall at full length,
For the piece — so 't is whispered — is wanting in
strength.

And the humor is "low !" — you are doubtless aware
There 's a character, even, that "dances a bear !"

Then the cast is so poor, — neither marrow nor pith !

Why can't they get WOODWARD or Gentleman SMITH !

"LEE LEWES?" Who 's LEWES? The fellow has played
Nothing better, they tell me, than harlequinade !

"DUBELLAMY" — "QUICK," — these are nobodies.

Stay, I

Believe I saw QUICK once in *Beau Mordecai*.

Yes, QUICK is not bad. Mrs. GREEN, too, is funny ;

But SHUTER, ah ! SHUTER 's the man for my money !

He 's the quaintest, the oddest of mortals, is SHUTER,

And he has but one fault — he 's too fond of the pewter.

Then there 's little BULKELY . . .

But here in the middle,
From the orchestra comes the first squeak of a fiddle.

Prologue and Envoi to She Stoops to Conquer.

Then the bass gives a growl, and the horn makes a dash,
And the music begins with a flourish and crash,
And away to the zenith goes swelling and swaying,
While we tap on the box to keep time to the playing.
And we hear the old tunes as they follow and mingle,
Till at last from the stage comes a ting-a-ting tingle ;
And the fans cease to whirr, and the House for a minute
Grows still as if naught but wax figures were in it.
Then an actor steps out, and the eyes of all glisten.
Who is it? *The Prologue.* He's sobbing. Hush ! listen.

*[Thereupon enters Mr. Woodward in black, with
a handkerchief to his eyes, to speak Garrick's
Prologue, after which comes the play. In
the volume for which the foregoing additional
Prologue was written the following
Envoi was added.]*

L'ENVOI.

GOOD-BYE to you, KELLY, your fetters are broken !
Good-bye to you, CUMBERLAND, GOLDSMITH has
spoken !
Good-bye to sham Sentiment, moping and mumming,
For GOLDSMITH has spoken and SHERIDAN 's coming ;
And the frank Muse of Comedy laughs in free air
As she laughed with the Great Ones, with SHAKESPEARE,
MOLIÈRE !

*In after days when grasses high
O'er-top the stone where I shall lie,
Though ill or well the world adjust
My slender claim to honored dust,
I shall not question or reply.*

*I shall not see the morning sky ;
I shall not hear the night-wind sigh ;
I shall be mute, as all men must
In after days !*

*But yet, now living, fain were I
That some one then should testify,
Saying — " He held his pen in trust
To Art, not serving shame or lust."
Will none ? — Then let my memory die
In after days !*

NOTES.

NOTES.

"*A skill Prévile would not disown.*" — PAGE 23.

PRÉVILLE was the French Foote, *circa* 1760.

MOLLY TREFUSIS. — PAGE 32.

The epigram here quoted from "an old magazine" is to be found in the late Lord Neaves's admirable little volume, *The Greek Anthology* (*Blackwood's Ancient Classics for English Readers*). Those familiar with eighteenth-century literature will recognize in the succeeding verses but another echo of those lively stanzas of John Gay to "Molly Mogg of the Rose," which found so many imitators in his own day. Whether my heroine is to be identified with a certain "Miss Trefusis," whose *Poems* are sometimes to be found in the second-hand booksellers' catalogues, I know not. But if she is, I trust I have done her accomplished shade no wrong.

AN EASTERN APOLOGUE. — PAGE 44.

The initials "E. H. P." are those of the late eminent (and ill-fated) Orientalist, Professor Palmer. As my lines entirely owed their origin to his translations of Zoheir, I sent them to him. He was indulgent enough to praise them warmly. It is

Notes.

true he found anachronisms; but as he said these would cause no disturbance to orthodox Persians, I concluded I had succeeded in my little *pastiche*, and, with his permission, inscribed it to him. I wish now that it had been a more worthy tribute to one of the most erudite and versatile scholars this age has seen.

A REVOLUTIONARY RELIC. — PAGE 49.

"373. ST. PIERRE (Bernardin de), *Paul et Virginie*, 12mo, old calf. Paris, 1787. This copy is pierced throughout by a bullet-hole, and bears on one of the covers the words: '*à Lucile St. A . . . chez M Batemans, à Edmonds-Bury, en Angleterre,*' very faintly written in pencil." (Extract from Catalogue.)

"*Did she wander like that other?*" — PAGE 52.

Lucile Desmoulins. See Carlyle's *French Revolution*, Book vi. Chap. ii.

"*And its tender rain shall lave it.*" — PAGE 53.

It is by no means uncommon for an editor to interrupt some of these revolutionary letters by a "Here there are traces of tears."

"*By 'Bysshe,' his epithet.*" — PAGE 87.

i.e. *The Art of English Poetry*, by Edward Bysshe, 1702.

THE BOOK-PLATE'S PETITION. — PAGE 92.

These lines were reprinted from *Notes and Queries* in Mr. Andrew Lang's delightful volume, *The Library*, 1881, where the curious will find full information as to the enormities of the book-mutilators.

Notes.

"*Have I not writ thy Laws?*" — PAGE 99.

The lines in italic type which follow, are feebly paraphrased from the ancient *Code d'Amour* of the XIIth Century, as given by André le Chapelain himself.

A DIALOGUE, ETC. — PAGE 111.

This dialogue, first printed in *Scribner's Magazine* for May, 1888, was afterwards read by Professor Henry Morley at the opening of the Pope Loan Museum at Twickenham (July 31st), to the Catalogue of which exhibition it was prefixed.

"*The 'crooked Body with a crooked Mind.'*" — PAGE 112.

"*Mens curva in corpore curvo.*"

Said of Pope by Lord Orrery.

"*Neither as LOCKE was, nor as BLAKE.*" — PAGE 119.

The Shire Hall at Taunton, where these verses were read at the unveiling, by Mr. James Russell Lowell, of Miss Margaret Thomas's bust of Fielding, September 4th, 1883, also contains busts of Admiral Blake and John Locke.

"*The Journal of his middle-age.*" — PAGE 122.

It is, perhaps, needless to say that the reference here is to the *Journal of a Voyage to Lisbon*, published posthumously in February, 1755, — a record which for pathos and dignity may be compared with the letter and dedication which Fielding's predecessor and model, Cervantes, prefixed to his last romance of *Persiles and Sigismunda*.

CHARLES GEORGE GORDON. — PAGE 126.

These verses appeared in the *Saturday Review* for February 14th, 1885.

Notes.

"*With that he made a Leg.*" — PAGE 142.

"JOVE made his Leg and kiss'd the Dame,
Obsequious HERMES did the Same."
PRIOR.

"*So took his Virtù off to Cock's.*" — PAGE 142.

Cock, the auctioneer of Covent Garden, was the Christie and Manson of the last century. The leading idea of this fable, it should be added, is taken from one by Gellert.

"*Of Van's 'Goose-Pie.'*" — PAGE 144.

"At length they in the Rubbish spy
A Thing resembling a Goose Py."
SWIFT'S verses on *Vanbrugh's House*, 1706.

"*The Oaf preferred the 'Tongs and Bones.'*" — PAGE 151.

"I have a reasonable good ear in music; let us have the tongs and the bones."

Midsummer-Night's Dream, Act iv. Sc. i.

"*And sighed o'er Chaos wine for Stingo.*" — PAGE 152.

Squire Homespun probably meant Cahors.

THE WATER-CURE. — PAGE 182.

These verses were suggested by the recollection of an anecdote in Madame de Genlis, which seemed to lend itself to eighteenth-century treatment. It was therefore somewhat depressing, not long after they were written, to find that the subject had already been annexed by an actual eighteenth-century writer, who, moreover, claimed to have founded his story on a contemporary incident. Burton, nevertheless, had told it before him, as early as 1621, in the *Anatomy of Melancholy*.

Notes.

"*In Babylonian numbers hidden.*" — PAGE 185.

"— nec Babylonios
Tentaris numeros."

HOR. i. II.

"*And spite of the mourning that most of us wear.*" — PAGE 265.

In March, 1773, when *She Stoops to Conquer* was first played, there was a court-mourning for the King of Sardinia (Forster's *Goldsmith*, Book iv. Chap. 15).

"*But he grows every day more and more like the print.*"

PAGE 265.

"Mr. *Wilkes*, with his usual good humor, has been heard to observe, that he is every day growing more and more like his portrait by *Hogarth* [i. e. the print of May 16th, 1763]."

Biographical Anecdotes of William Hogarth, 1782,
pp. 305-6.

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